I_{ndex}

A	California emission standards, 26
Air emissions	California Energy Commission study, 19-20
Chernick and Caverhill study, 26	Cavanagh, Ralph, 30
Tellus Institute study, 23-24,26,42	Caverhill, Emily, 26
Alachlor risks, 48	Chernick, Paul, 26
Assumptions	Chernick and Caverhill study
average effects versus marginal effects, 55-57	categorization of effects, 20
damage costs versus control costs, 52-55	control cost methods, 52
discounting, 60-62	generation technology, 20-21
federal policymaking and, 46,70	history and quantitative results summary, 26
frameworks of, 62-65	interstudy comparisons, 33
goals, 62,64	Clean Air Act, 48,53,58
influence on studies, 45	Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990,6,68,69
internalization, 57-59	Clinton administration, 68
managing uncertainty, 59-60	Commission of the European Communities, 21-22,
methods, 64-65	26. See also DOE/EC study
monetization, 47, 49, 50-52	Comparison of studies. See Study comparisons
other studies on values and assumptions, 48	Computer model
quantification, 47,49-50,51-52	New York State study, 22
strategies, 64-65	Congress. See Federal policymaking
Australia study, 19-20	Congressional Research Service, 48
Average vs. marginal effects, 55-57	Contingent valuation
	criticisms, 41
В	definition, 4,37
Bernow, Stephen, 23	non-use values and, 39, 40
Biewald, Bruce, 23	purpose, 39,41
Biosystems Analysis, 29	Control cost methods
Bonneville Power Administration study	critiques, 53-54
contingent valuation, 39	damage cost methods comparison, 52-55
damage cost methods, 52-53	definition, 4
discount rates, 61	impacts, 54
hedonic valuation, 38-39	supporters of, 43
history and quantitative results summary, 28-30	Tellus Institute study, 24-26
interstudy comparisons, 32, 36	underlying assumptions, 54-55
market valuation, 38	use in current cost studies, 38, 42
Boston Gas Co., 15,26	Criteria used for selected studies
BPA study. See Bonneville Power Administration	comprehensiveness, 13
study	influence, 13
······ y	methodological discussion, 15
C	CRS. See Congressional Research Service
CAAA. See Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990	CV. See Contingent valuation

76 Studies of the Environmental Costs of Electricity

D	assumptions and, 46
Damage cost methods	emphasis on nonquantitative results, 7,72-73
control cost methods comparison, 52-55	environmental costs and federal revenue, 68
DOE/EC study, 22	federal laws, 6,67-69
supporters of, 43	informing legislative decisionmaking, 7-8
Damage evaluation, 11. See also Stages of	mismatch of state and federal goals, 6-7
environmental cost studies	pending legislation, 69
Department of Energy/Commission of the European	roles for environmental cost studies in, 67-73
Communities. See DOE/EC study	usefulness of disaggregated results, 7,73
Discounting	Federal Republic of Germany
critiques, 61	Hohmeyer study, 26-27
impacts, 61	Fossil fuels Hobmover's study 20
purpose, 60-61	Hohmeyer's study, 20
underlying assumptions, 62	Pace study, 23 study differences, 15
DOE. See DOE/EC study; U.S. Department of	Frameworks of assumptions
Energy DOE/EC study. See <i>also</i> Commission of the	fundamental goals, 62,64
European Communities; U.S. Department of	methods, 64-65
Energy	strategies, 64-65
advances over older studies, 7	Fraunhofer-Institute for Systems and Innovation
contingent valuation, 39	Research, 26
damage cost methods, 52-53	
focus on specific sites, 56	Н
fundamental goals, 64	Health impacts
history and quantitative results summary, 21-22	Hohmeyer study, 28
internalization, 57	Shuman and Cavanagh study, 30
	Hedonic valuation, 4,37,38-39
-	Hohmeyer, Olav, 26
E	Hohmeyer study
EC. See Commission of the European Communities;	categorization of effects, 20
DOE/EC study	control cost methods, 52
ECO Northwest, 29	history and quantitative results summary, 26-28
Ecological systems, 11 Electric Power Research Institute, 22	interstudy comparisons, 36
Emissions identification, 10-11. See <i>also</i> Stages of	mitigation cost valuation, 43
environmental cost studies	monetization of effects, 49
Empire State Electric Energy Research Corporation,	technology specificity, 20-21
22	
Energy Policy Act of 1992,6,67,68-69	
Environmental effects. See <i>also</i> Stages of	Impacts. See also Stages of environmental cost
environmental cost studies	studies
average effects versus marginal effects, 55-57	average versus marginal effects, 56-57
Environmental Protection Agency, 6,69	control cost methods, 54
EPA. See Environmental Protection Agency	discount rates, 61
EPRI See Electric Power Research Institute	emissions and, 13,57
ESEERCO. See Empire State Electric Energy	evaluation of, 11
Research Corporation	identification of, 11
Externalities. See <i>also</i> Internalization	internalization and, 58
economic theory of, 14-15	monetary damages and, 13
as fourth stage of environmental effects, 13	monetization, 51
	quantification, 51
Г	uncertainty, 60
	Industrial Economics, Inc., 22
Federal laws, 6,67-69. See also specific laws	Internalization
Federal policymaking	critiques, 57-58

impacts, 58 underlying assumptions, 58-59	Shuman and Cavanaugh study, 30
L LCA. See Life-cycle assessment Legislation. See also Federal laws; State laws and regulations pending legislation, 69 Life-cycle assessment, 72 Location specificity, 21,56 M Marginal effects average effects comparison, 55-57 Marine oil spills Chernick and Caverhill study, 26 Market valuation, 4,37,38	Oak Ridge National Laboratory, 15,21-22 ORNL. See Oak Ridge National Laboratory OTA report summary assumptions in cost studies, 5-6 cost estimate findings, 3 current laws and regulations, 6 decisionmaking factors, 7-8 framework of goals and values, 5-6 monetization, 7 policymaking, 6-8 report in context, 2 state regulatory commissions, 6-7 valuation methods, 3-5
Marron, Donald, 23 Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities, 26 Minnesota/Wisconsin study, 19-20 Mitigation cost valuation, 4,38,42-43 Monetization. See <i>also</i> Valuation methods approach in environmental studies, 47, 49 critics of, 52 federal policymaking and, 73 impacts, 51 policymaking and, 7 underlying assumptions, 51-52	Pace study categorization of effects, 20 contingent valuation, 39 control cost methods, 52 externalities, 58 generation technology, 20-21 hedonic valuation, 38 history and quantitative results summary, 23 interstudy comparisons, 32, 33 market valuation, 38
N Natural Resources Defense Council, 15,30 Nero and Associates, 29 Nevada study, 19-20 New source performance standards, 33 New York Public Service Commission, 22 New York State Department of Public Service, 22 New York State Energy Research and Development Authority, 22,23 New York State study advances over older studies, 7 contingent valuation, 39 damage cost methods, 52-53 history and quantitative results summary, 22-23 internalization, 57	mitigation cost valuation, 43 monetization of effects, 49 size of study, 15 Pace University Center for Environmental Legal Studies, 15 Pacific Northwest Electric Power Planning and Conservation Act of 1980,6,28,68,69 Passive-use values, 40 PLC, Inc., 26 Policy. See Federal policymaking; State laws and regulations Public utility commissions, 70-71 PUCs. See Public utility commissions Purpose of studies. See Structure and purpose of studies
software-based model, 22-23, 33 study in progress, 3 uncertainty, 60 Non-use values, 39,40 Northwest Conservation Act Coalition, 15,30 Northwest Power Planning Council, 28,69 NSPS. See New source performance standards Nuclear power Pace study, 23	Qualitative criteria, 70,73 Quantification. See also specific studies approach in environmental studies, 47, 49 critiques of, 49-50 impacts, 51 policymaking and, 70,73 underlying assumptions, 51-52

78 Studies of the Environmental Costs of Electricity

R	methods, 15
RCG/Hagler, Bailly, Inc., 15,22	size and complexity, 15
Resource Insight, Inc. See PLC, Inc.	technology specificity, 20-21
Resources for the Future, 21-22,48	Study similarities
Revealed preference methods, 53	comprehensiveness, 13
RFF. See Resources for the Future	influence, 13
Secretary of Energy, 68-69	methodological discussion, 15
, 037	Study structure and purpose, 10-11, 13
C	Summary of report. See OTA report summary
S	Technology specificity, 20-21
Shuman, Michael, 30	
Shuman and Cavanagh study	-
control cost methods, 52	Ţ
discount rate, 61	Tellus study
estimate of highly speculative effects, 50	categorization of effects, 20
history and quantitative results summary, 30	control cost methods, 52
interstudy comparisons, 36	control cost valuation, 24-26, 42
size of study, 15	history and quantitative results summary, 23-26
uncertainty, 60 Site specificity, 21,56	interstudy comparisons, 33
Software-based model	
New York State study, 22	U
Sponsors of studies, 15	Uncertainty
Stages of environmental cost studies	critiques, 59-60
damage valuation, 11, 13	impacts, 60
emissions identification, 10-11, 13	underlying assumptions, 60
externality as fourth stage, 13, 14-15	Underlying assumptions. See Assumptions
impact identification and evaluation, 11, 13	U.S. Department of Energy, 21,23. See also
State laws and regulations, 1,6-7,70	DOE/EC study
Structure and purpose of studies, 10-11, 13	Use values, 40
Studies not reviewed	
Australia study, 19-20	V
California Energy Commission study, 19-20	Valuation methods. See also Control cost methods;
Nevada study, 19-20	Damage cost methods
types of, 11	contingent valuation, 4, 37, 39,41-42
Wisconsin/Minnesota study, 19-20	control cost valuation, 42
Study comparisons	conversion of impacts to damages, 13
categorization differences, 32-33	determination of, 5
cost estimate uncertainty, 36	disputes over methods, 4-5
cost estimate variation, 33, 36	hedonic valuation, 4,37,38-39
domination of one effect category, 33	market valuation, 4, 37, 38
independence of estimates, 31-32	mitigation cost valuation, 4, 38,42-43
Study differences	process, 3
analysts and sponsors, 15	related issues, 36
categorization of effects, 20	2 -222-23, 2 2
energy sources, 15	
environmental effects, 15, 20	W
location specificity, 21	Wisconsin/Minnesota study, 19-20