# PUBLIC LAW 98-575-OCT. 30, 1984

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98 STAT. 3055

Public Law 98-575 98th Congress

#### An Act

To facilitate commercial space launches, and for other purposes.

Oct. 30.1984 [H.R. 3942]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Commercial Space Launch Act.

SHORT TITLE

SECTION 1. This Act may be cited as the "Commercial Space Launch Act".

49 USC app. 2601 note.

## **FINDINGS**

SEC. 2. The Congress finds and declares that—

- 49 USC app. 2601.
- (U the peaceful uses of outer space continue to be of great value and to offer benefits to all mankind;
- (2) private applications of space technology have achieved a significant level of commercial and economic activity, and offer the potential for growth in the future, particularly in the United States;
- (3) new and innovative equipment and services are being sought, created, and offered by entrepreneurs in telecommunications, information services, and remote sensing technology;
- (4) the private sector in the United States has the capability of developing and providing private satellite launching and associated services that would complement the launching and associated services now available from the United States Government:
- (5) the development of commercial launch vehicles and associated services would enable the United States to retain its competitive position internationally, thereby contributing to the national interest and economic well-being of the United States;
- (6) provision of launch services by the private sector is consistent with the national security interests and foreign policy interests of the United States and would be facilitated by stable, minimal, and appropriate regulatory guidelines that are fairly and expeditiously applied; and
- (7) the United States should encourage private sector launches and associated services and, only to the extent necessary, regulate such launches and services in order to ensure compliance with international obligations of the United States and to protect the public health and safety, safety of property, and national security interests and foreign policy interests of the United States.

#### **PURPOSES**

SEC. 3. It is therefore the purpose of this Act—

49 USC 2602.

(1) to promote economic growth and entrepreneurial activity through utilization of the space environment for peaceful purposes;

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(2) to encourage the United States private sector to provide launch vehicles and associated launch services by simplifying and expediting the issuance and transfer of commercial launch licenses and by facilitating and encouraging the utilization of Government developed space technology; and

(3) to designate an executive department to oversee and coordinate the conduct of commercial launch operations, to issue and transfer commercial launch licenses authorizing such activities, and to protect the public health and safety, safety of property, and national security interests and foreign policy interests of the United States.

#### **DEFINITIONS**

**49** USC app.

Sec. 4. For purposes of this Act—

- (1) "agency" means an executive agency as defined by section 105 of title 5, United States Code;
- (2) "launch" means to place, or attempt to place, a launch vehicle and payload, if any, in a suborbital trajectory, in Earth orbit in outer space, or otherwise in outer space;

(3) "launch property" means propellants, launch vehicles and components thereof, and other physical items constructed for or used in the launch preparation or launch of a launch vehicle;

- (4) "launch services" means those activities involved in the preparation of a launch vehicle and its payload for launch and the conduct of a launch;
- (5) "launch site" means the location on Earth from which a launch takes place, as defined in any license issued or transferred by the Secretary under this Act, and includes all facilities located on a launch site which are necessary to conduct a
- (6) "launch vehicle" means any vehicle constructed for the purpose of operating in, or placing a payload in, outer space and any suborbital rocket;
- (7) "payload" means an object which a person undertakes to place in outer space by means of a launch vehicle, and includes subcomponents of the launch vehicle specifically designed or adapted for that object;
- (8) "person" means any individual and any corporation, partnership, joint venture, association, or other entity organized or existing under the laws of an State or any nation;

(9) "secretary" means the & xretary of Transportation; (10) "State", and "United States" when used in a geographical sense, mean the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, American Samoa, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, and any other commonwealth, territory, or possession of the United States; and

(11) "United States citizen" means-

- (A) any individual who is a citizen of the United States;
- (B) any corporation, partnership, joint venture, association, or other entity organized or existing under the laws of the United States or any State; and
- (0 any corporation, partnership, joint venture, association, or other entity which is organized or exists under the laws of a foreign nation, if the controlling interest (as defined by the Secretary in regulations) in such entity is

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held by an individual or entity described in subparagraph (A) or (B).

GENERAL RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE SECRETARY AND OTHER AGENCIES

- SEC. 5. (a) The Secretary shall be responsible for carrying out this \$~O~SC a<sub>m</sub>. Act, and in doing so shall—
  - (1) encourage, facilitate, and promote commercial space launches by the private sector; and
  - (2) consult with Other agencies to provide consistent application of licensing requirements under this Act and to ensure fair and equitable treatment for all license applicants.
- b) To the extent permitted by law, Federal agencies shall assist the Secretary, as necessary, in carrying out this Act.

REQUIREMENT OF LICENSE FOR PRIVATE SPACE LAUNCH OPERATIONS

- SEC. 6. (a)(l) No person shall launch a launch vehicle or operate a  $\cdot O \sim SC$   $a_{yy}$  launch site within the United States, unless authorized by a license  $\sim$  issued or transferred under this Act.
- (2) No United States citizen described in subparagraph (A) or (B) of section 4(11) shall launch a launch vehicle or operate a launch site outside the United States, unless authorized by a license issued or transferred under this Act.
- (3)(A) No United States citizen described in subparagraph (C) of section 4(11) shall launch a launch vehicle or operate a launch site at any place which is both outside the United States and outside the territory of any foreign nation, unless authorized by a license issued or transferred under this Act. The preceding sentence shall not apply with respect to a launch or operation of a launch site if there is an agreement in force between the United States and a foreign nation which provides that such foreign nation shall exercise jurisdiction over such launch or operation.
- (B)(i) Except as provided in clause (ii) of this subparagraph, this Act shall not apply to the launch of a launch vehicle or the operation of a launch site in the territory of a foreign nation by a United States citizen described in subparagraph (C)of section 4(11).
- (ii) If there is an agreement in force between the United States International and a foreign nation which provides that the United States shall agyeerne"~" exercise jurisdiction over the launch of a launch vehicle or operation of a launch site in the territory of such nation by a United States citizen described in subparagraph (C)of section 4(11), no such United States citizen shall launch a launch vehicle or operate a launch site in the territory of such nation, unless authorized by a license issued or transferred under this Act.
- (b)(l) The holder of a launch license under this Act shall not launch a payload unless that payload complies with all requirements of Federal law that relate to the launch of a payload. The Secretary shall ascertain whether any license, authorization, or other permit required by Federal law for a payload which is to be launched has been obtained.
- (2) If no payload license, authorization, or permit is required by any Federal law, the Secretary may take such action under this Act as the Secretary deems necessary to prevent the launch of a payload by a holder of a launch license under this Act if the Secretary determines that the launch of such payload would jeopardize the

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public health and safety, safety of property, or any national security interest or foreign policy interest of the United States.

- (c)(1) Except as provided in this Act, no person shall be required to obtain from any agency a license, approval, waiver, or exemption for the launch of a launch vehicle or the operation of a launch site.
- (2) Nothing in this Act shall affect the authority of the Federal Communications Commission under the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 151 et seq.) or the authority of the Secretary of Commerce under the Land Remote-Sensing Commercialization Act of 1984 (15 U.S.C. 4201 et seq.).

## AUTHORITY TO ISSUE AND TRANSFER LICENSES

49 USC app 2606.

SEC. 7. The Secretary may, consistent with the public health and safety, safety of property, and national security interests and foreign policy interests of the United States, issue or transfer a license for launching one or more launch vehicles or for operating one or more launch sites, or both, to an applicant who meets the requirements for a license under section 8 of this Act. Any license issued or transferred under this section shall be in effect for such period of time as the Secretary may specify, in accordance with regulations issued under this Act.

## LICENSING REQUIREMENTS

49 USC app. 2607.

- SEC. 8. (a)(1) All requirements of Federal law which apply to the launch of a launch vehicle or the operation of a launch site shall be requirements for a license under this Act for the launch of a launch vehicle or the operation of a launch site, respectively, except to the extent provided in paragraph (2).
- (2) If the Secretary determines, in consultation with appropriate agencies, that any requirement of Federal law that would otherwise apply to the launch of a launch vehicle or the operation of a launch site is not necessary to protect the public health and safety, safety of property, and national security interests and foreign policy interests of the United States, the Secretary may by regulation provide that such requirement shall not be a requirement for a license under this Act
- (b) The Secretary may, with respect to launches and the operation of launch sites, prescribe such additional requirements as are necessary to protect the public health and safety, safety of property, and national security interests and foreign policy interests of the United States.
- (c) The Secretary may, in individual cases, waive the application of any requirement for a license under this section if the Secretary determines that such waiver is in the public interest and will not jeopardize the public health and safety, safety of property, or any national security interest or foreign policy interest of the United states.

## LICENSE APPLICATION AND APPROVAL

**49** USC app. **2608**.

Sec. 9. (a) Any person may apply to the Secretary for issuance or transfer of a license under this Act, in such form and manner as the Secretary may prescribe. The Secretary shall establish procedures and timetables to expedite review of applications under this section and to reduce regulatory burdens for applicants.

- (b) The Secretary shall issue or transfer a license to an applicant if the Secretary determines in writing that the applicant complies and will continue to comply with the requirements of this Act and an regulation issued under this Act. The Secretary shall include in suci license such conditions as may be necessary to ensure compliance with this Act, including an effective means of on-site verification that a launch or operation of a launch site conforms to representations made in the application for a license or transfer of a license. The Secretary shall make a determination on any application not later than 180 days after receipt of such application. If the Secreta has not made a determination within 120 days after receipt of sucf application, the Secretary shall inform the applicant of any pending issues and of actions required to resolve such issues.
- (c) The Secretary, any officer or employee of the United States, or any person with whom the Secretary has entered into a contract under section 14(b) of this Act may not disclose any data or information under this Act which qualifies for exemption under section 552(b)(4) of title 5, United States Code, or is designated as confidential by the person or agency furnishing such data or information, unless the Secretary determines that the withholding of such data or information is contrary to the public or national interest.

#### SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, AND MODIFICATION OF LICENSES

- SEC. 10. (a) The Secretary may suspend or revoke any license ~:O~SC a, issued or transferred under this Act if the Secretary finds that the 1. licensee has substantially failed to comply with any requirement of this Act, the license, or any regulation issued under this Act, or that the suspension or revocation is necessary to protect the public health and safety, safety of property, or any national security interest or foreign policy interest of the United States.
- (b) Upon application by the licensee or upon the Secretary's own initiative, the Secretary may modify a license issued or transferred under this Act, if the Secretary finds that the modification will comply with the requirements of this Act.
- (c) Unless otherwise specified by the Secretary, any suspension, revocation, or modification by the Secretary under this section—
  - (1) shall take effect immediately; and
  - (2) shall continue in effect during any review of such action under section 12 of this Act.
- (d) whenever the Secretary takes any action under this section, the Secretary shall notify the licensee in writing of the Secretary's finding and the action which the Secretary has taken or proposes to take regarding such finding.

## EMERGENCY ORDERS

- SEC. 11. (a) The Secretary may terminate, prohibit, or suspend immediately the launch of a launch vehicle or the operation of a launch site which is licensed under this Act if the Secretary determines that such launch or operation is detrimental to the public health and safety, safety of property, or any national security interest or foreign policy interest of the United States.
- b) An order terminating, prohibiting, or suspending any launch or operation of a launch site licensed by the Secretary under this Act shall take effect immediately and shall continue in effect during any review of such order under section 12.

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#### ADMINISTRATIVE AND JUDICIAL REVIEW

\$1,SC app.

- SEC. 12. (a)(l) An applicant for a license and a proposed transferee of a license under this Act shall be entitled to a determination on the record after an opportunist for a hearing in accordance with section 554 of title 5, United & ates Code, of any decision of the Secretary under section 9(b) to issue or transfer a license with conditions or to deny the issuance or transfer of such license. An owner or operator of a payload shall be entitled to a determination on the record after an opportunity for a hearing in accordance with section 554 of title 5, United States Code, of any decision of the ~?::etary under section 6(b)(2) to prevent the launch of such pay-
- (2i A licensee under this Act shall be entitled to a determination on the record after an opportunity for a hearing in accordance with section 554 of title 5, United States Code, of any decision of the Secretary—
  - (A) under section 10 to suspend, revoke, or modify a license; or (B) under section 11 to terminate, prohibit, or suspend any launch or operation of a launch site licensed by the Secretary.
- ~) Any final action of the Secretary under this Act to issue, transfer, deny the issuance or transfer of, suspend, revoke, or modify a license or to terminate, prohibit, or suspend any launch or operation of a launch site licensed by the Secretary or to prevent the launch of a payload shall be subject to judicial review as provided in chapter 7 of title 5, United States Code.

#### REGULATIONS

**49** USC app. **261'2.** 

SEC. 13. The Secretary may issue such regulations, after notice and comment in accordance with section 553 of title 5, United States Code, as maybe necessary to carry out this Act.

# MONITORING OF ACTIVITIES OF LICENSEES

**49** USC app. **2513**,

Sec. 14. (a) Each license issued or transferred under this Act shall require the licensee—

(1) to allow the Secretary to place Federal officers or employees or other individuals as observers at ~ny launch site used by the licensee, at any production facility or assembly site used by a contractor of the licensee in the production or assembly of a launch vehicle, or at any site where a pa load is integrated with a launch vehicle, in order to monitor teactivities of the licensee or contractor at such time and to such extent aa the Secretary considers reasonable and necessary to determine compliance with the license or to carry out the responsibilities of the Secretary under section 6(b) of this Act; and

(2) to coo rate with such observers in the performance of monitoring runctions.

(b) The Secretary may, to the extent provided in advance by appropriation Acts, enter into a contract with any person to carry out subsection (a)(1) of this section.

# USE OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY

49 USC app. 2614.

SEC. 15. (a) The Secretary shall take such actions as may be necessary to facilitate and encourage the acquisition (by lease, sale, transaction in lieu of sale, or otherwise) by the private sector of

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launch property of the United States which is excess or is otherwise not needed for public use and of launch services, including utilities, of the United States which are otherwise not needed for public use.

- (b)(l) The amount to be paid to the United States by any person who acquires launch property or launch services, including utilities, shall be established by the agency providing the property or service, in consultation with the Secretary. In the case of acquisition of launch property by sale or transaction in lieu of sale, the amount of such payment shall be the fair market value. In the case of an other type of acquisition of launch property, the amount of suci! payment shall bean amount equal to the direct costs (including any specific wear and tear and damage to the property) incurred by the United States as a result of the acquisition of such launch property. In the case of any acquisition of launch services, including utilities, the amount of such payment shall be an amount equal to the direct costs (including salaries of United States civilian and contractor personnel) incurred by the United States as a result of the acquisition of such launch services.
- (2) The Secretary may collect any payment for launch property or launch services, with the consent of the agency establishing such payment under paragraph (1).
- (3) I'he amount of any payment received by the United States for launch property or launch services, including utilities, under this subsection shall be deposited in the general fund of the Treasury, and the amount of a payment for launch property (other than launch property which is excess) and launch services (including utilities) shall be credited to the appropriation from which the cost of providing such property or services was paid.
- (c) The Secretary may establish requirements for liability insurance, hold harmless agreements, proof of financial responsibility, and such other assurances as may be needed to protect the United States and ita agencies and personnel from liability, loss, or injury as a result of a launch or operation of a launch site involving Government facilities or personnel.

## LIABILITY INSURANCE

SEC. 16. Each person who launches a launch vehicle or operates a &#C app. launch site under a license issued or transferred under this Act ~ shall have in effect liability insurance at least in such amount as is considered by the Secretary to be necessary for such launch or operation, considering the international obligations of the United States. The Secretary shall prescribe such amount after consultation with the Attorney General and other appropriate agencies.

## ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY

- SEC. 17. (a) The Secretary shall enforce this Act. The Secretary \$~l~sc  $a_{pp}$ . may delegate the exercise of any enforcement authority under this ~ Act to any officer or employee of the Department of Transportation or, with the approval of the head of another agency, any officer or employee of such agency.
  - (b) In carrying out this section, the Secretary may—
    - (1) make investigations and inquiries, and administer to or take from any person an oath, affhmation, or affidavit, concerning any matter relating to enforcement of this Act; and
      - (2) pursuant to any lawful process—

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(A) enter at any reasonable time any launch site, *produc*tion facility, or assembly site of a launch vehicle, or any site where a payload is integrated with a launch vehicle, for the purpose of inspecting any object which is subject to this Act and any records or reports required by the Secretary to be made or kept under this Act; and

(B) seize any such object, record, or report where there is probable cause to believe that such object, record, or report was used, is being used, or is likely to be used in violation of

this Act.

# PROHIBITED ACTS

**49** Usc app, 2617.

SEC. 18. It is unlawful for any person to violate a requirement of this Act, a regulation issued under this Act, or any term, condition, or restriction of any license issued or transferred by the Secretary under this Act.

## CIVIL PENALTIES

49 LJS(: app 261X.

- SEC. 19. (a) Any person who is found by the Secretary, after notice and opportunity to be heard on the record in accordance with section 554 of title 5, United States Code, to have committed any act prohibited by section 18 shall be liable to the United States for a civil penalty of not more than \$100,000 for each violation. Each day of a continuing violation shall constitute a separate violation. The amount of such civil penalty shall be assessed by the Secretary by written notice. The Secretary may compromise, modify, or remit, with or without conditions, any civil penalty which is subject to imposition or which has been imposed under this section.
- (b) If any person fails to pay a civil penalty assessed against such person after the penalty has become final or if such person appeals an order of the Secretary and the appropriate court has entered final judgment in favor of the Secretary, the Secretary shall recover the civil penalty assessed in any appropriate district court of the United States.
- (c) For purposes of conducting any hearing under this section, the Secretary may (1) issue subpoenas for the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of relevant papers, books, documents, and other records, (2) seek enforcement of such subpoenas in the appropriate district court of the United States, and (3) administer oaths and affirmations.

## CONSULTATION

Defense and national security.
4:) US('app. '261!).

- SEC. 20. (a) The Secretary shall consult with the Secretary of Defense on all matters, including the issuance or transfer of each license, under this Act affecting national security. The Secretary of Defense shall be responsible for identifying and notifying the Secretary of those national security interests of the United States which are relevant to activities under this Act.
- are relevant to activities under this Act.

  (b) The Secretary shall consult with the Secretary of State on all matters, including the issuance or transfer of each license, under this Act affecting foreign policy. The Secretary of State shall be responsible for identifying and notifying the Secretary of those foreign policy interests or obligations of the United States which are relevant to activities under this Act.
- (c) The Secretary shall consult with other agencies, as appropriate, in order to carry out the provisions of this Act.

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**49** USC app. **26Z0**.

## REIJITIONSHIP TO OTHER LAWS AND INTERNATIONAL OBLIGATIONS

- SEC. 21. (a) No State or political subdivision of a State may adopt Prohibitions. or have in effect any law, rule, regulation, standard, or order which is inconsistent with the provisions of this Act. Nothing in this Act shall preclude a State or a political subdivision of a State from adopting or putting into effect any law, rule, regulation, standard, or order which is consistent with this Act and is in addition to or more stringent than any requirement of or regulation issued under this Act. The Secretary may, and is encouraged to, consult with the States to simplify and expedite the approval of space launch activi-
- (b) A launch vehicle or payload shall not, by reason of the launching of such vehicle or payload, be considered an export for purposes of any law controlling exports.
  - (c) N:\hiI& in this Act shall apply to—
    - (A) launch or operation of a launch vehicle,
    - (B) operation of a launch site, or
    - (C) other space activity,
    - carried out by the United States on behalf of the United States;
    - (2) any planning or policies relating to any such launch, operation, or activity.
- (d) The Secretary shall carry out this Act consistent with any obligation assumed by the United States in any treaty, convention, or agreement that may be in force between the United States and any foreign nation. In carrying out this Act, the Secretary shall consider applicable laws and requirements of any foreign nation.

## REPORT ON LEGISLATION

- SEC. 22. (a) Not later than the last day of each fiscal year ending Re ort. after the date of enactment of this Act and before October 1, 1989, L, scapp the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Science and Tech-~ nology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report describing all activities undertaken under this Act, including a description of the process for the application for and approval of licenses under this Act and recommendations for legislation that may further commercial launches.
- (b) Not later than July 1, 1985, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Science and Technology of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report which identifies Federal statutes, treaties, regulations, and policies which may have an adverse effect on commercial launches and include recommendations on appropriate changes thereto.

## SEVERABILITY

SEC. 23. If any provision of this Act, or the application of such #&;SC a,, provision to any person or circumstance, is held invalid, the remainder of this Act and the application of such provision to any other person or circumstance shall not be affected by such invalidation.