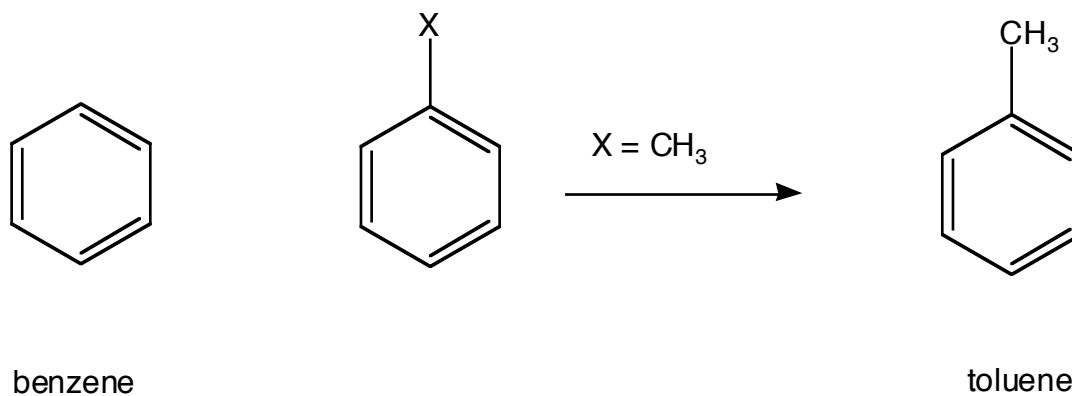


Problem 19, Chemistry 301X-2006

In Problem 10, you met benzene, $(\text{CH})_6$. Of course there can be substituted benzenes, $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{X}$ and disubstituted benzenes, $\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{X}_2$.



(a) How many different dimethylbenzenes (xylenes) are there?

(b) Could you distinguish those possibilities by ^{13}C NMR spectroscopy? How? (it's super-easy)