

Practical Guide on Varian NMR Systems: Locking, Shimming, Acquiring, and Processing By Carlos Pacheco Sep 2002

1)	Login	At the Sun workstation, inside the <i>login window</i> , type:		
,	J	Your username <enter> Your password <enter> Wait for the start of the UNIX session and the launch of VNMR program. Obs: All NMR commands/parameters are typed in the VNMR command line.</enter></enter>		
2)	Inserting the sample	✓ Type e <enter></enter>	To eject the <u>standard sample</u> , which is always kept inside the magnet.	
		your sample into the spinner ✓ Insert the spinner with your sample into the top of the magnet.	Adjust sample's position with the gage To slowly descend your sample into the	
3)	Locking		probe inside the magnet. Manual locking (all spectrometers):	
	on the deuterated solvent	✓ Type setlk ('solvent') <enter> ✓ Type su <enter> to automatically lock the samp setlk will lock the sample in a few seconds. Example: setlk('cdcl3') su <enter>. Lock parameters such as z0, lockpower, and lockgain a called by setlk</enter></enter></enter>	 ✓ Change Z0 in !4 (or !16) steps until a flat signal is found ✓ Optimize its intensity by changing the Lockphase in !1 steps ✓ Click on Lock ON to enable the lock circuit. The message LOCKED in green is displayed at the bottom left of the 	
4)	Shimming	Automatic shimming (NMR-300, 400 only) ✓ Type gmapshim <enter> During ²H gradient shimming, the sample stops spinning (gmapshim sets spin = 0). H gradient shimming converges after a few iterations. At each iteration, its # and r.m.s. error are informed in the text window. At each iteration, two ²H profiles are displayed in the graphics window. The overall process takes a few minutes to complete H gradient shimming shims Z1 to Z4 only. Any Z shim higher than Z4 and non-spin shims (X, Y, XZ, etc) are not changed.</enter>		



5)	Acquiring	✓ For PROTON, click on Setup → H1,CDCl3 (or Setup → H1 → Solvent) and type su <enter></enter>	
		 For CARBON, click on Setup → C13,CDCl3 (or Setup → C13→ Solvent) and type su <enter></enter> 	
		✓ Type go <enter> to start acquisition. The sample spins at 20-25 Hz.</enter>	
		 Number of scans (nt) default for PROTON is 16 and for CARBON is 1024. To increase the S/N of the spectrum by a factor of 2, increase nt by a factor of 4 before acquisition starts. 	
		If S/N is low, type nt = 1e6 <enter> before acquisition starts, and monitor the spectrum at every 4-scan block by typing wft <enter>.</enter></enter>	
6)	Processing	✓ Type wft <enter></enter>	
7)	Phasing	✓ Type aph <enter> <u>Manual Phasing</u></enter>	
	(Automatic)	■ Alternatively, type aph0 <enter> to adjust ✓ Click on Phase button (below the Main Menu button)</enter>	
		the zero order phase parameter only. ✓ Using mouse's left-button, click once at the rightmost side of the spectrum.	
		✓ Holding the left-button, phase peaks <u>up and</u> <u>symmetrically</u> in this boxed region.	
		✓ Finish <u>first step</u> clicking on <i>Phase</i> button	
		Resume first-order phasing clicking once at the rightmost side of the spectrum. Then click once at the leftmost side of the spectrum. Using the right button only, phase peaks up and	
		See step 12: Printing symmetrically in this boxed region. ✓ Finish second step clicking on Phase button.	
8)	Peak	✓ Click on <i>Th</i> button and adjust its vertical position to pick peaks of interest.	
	picking		
		 Press and hold the left button of the mouse and point it to the Th horizontal yellow line. Adjust it up or down accordingly. 	
		 You may also type th = value <enter> at the command line, where value is the vertical</enter> 	
		position in mm. Peaks can be displayed by typing dpf <enter> .</enter>	
		 Sensitivity can be increased with dpf(2) or dpf(1). Default is 3. The sensitivity may be increased, if a shoulder could not be picked with dpf only. 	
		See step 12a: Printing	
9)	Integrating	✓ Click on Partial Integral → Reset.	
		 A dotted green integral curve will appear on the spectrum. 	
		Integrate each peak by placing the red vertical cursor red downfield to the peak (to	
		the left) and, then, <u>upfield</u> to it (to the right). Repeat procedure for all peaks.	
		 ✓ After integration is completed, type bc <enter> for baseline correction.</enter> To clear all resets points, type cz <enter></enter> 	
		See step 12a: Printing	



10)	Saving FIDs	✓ Type svf <enter> and, at the question mark, type in the name of the spectrum.</enter>			
		 VNMR will append .fid as a suffix to the <u>filename</u>. VNMR saves each spectrum as a directory, composed of 4 files: 1) fid: the raw FID data, 2) procpar: contains all acquisition, processing, display <u>parameters</u>, 3) log: text file recording the <u>history</u> of the acquisition, and 4) text: text file containing the <u>text name</u> associated with the spectrum [input via text('') or gettext window, see Table on page 4]. 			
11)	Exiting				
	VAIMD	✓ Eject your sample from the magnet, and put back in the standard sample			
	<u>VNMR</u> program	✓ Lock on the standard sample			
	<u>program</u>	✓ Type exit <enter> at the VNMR command line and answer the questions that appear in the confirmation windows</enter>			
	<u>and</u>	✓ After the VNMR program is exited, click with the RIGHT button of the mouse			
	<u>UNIX</u> Session	ONIX SCOSION ()			
	(**) It is important NOT to forget to also <u>exit the UNIX session</u> because your spectrometer time charge is based on the length on this session.				
12)	Printing	✓ Type <i>pl pscale ppa page <enter></enter></i>			
		pl (plot spectrum), pscale (plot scale), ppa (plot parameters), page (clear buffer).			
		The above commands send <u>plot objects</u> to a <u>plot buffer</u> .			
12 <u>a</u>)	Printing	ng ✓ Other commands:			
		ppf (plot peaks)			
406)	Duinting	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
12 <u>b</u>)	Printing	pir (plot integrals (needs vp o 12)			
	3				
		pir (plot integrals (needs vp o 12) ✓ Anything written in the text window can be re-directed to the printer:			
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		pir (plot integrals (needs vp o 12) ✓ Anything written in the text window can be re-directed to the printer: For example, type printon dg printoff <enter> printon (turn print buffer on) dg (display main group of parameters)</enter>			
		 pir (plot integrals (needs vp o 12) ✓ Anything written in the text window can be re-directed to the printer: For example, type printon dg printoff <enter> printon (turn print buffer on) </enter> 			

OBS:

- 1) For poor **lock signal** and/or **lineshape**, do the following:
 - a. Load stored shim settings by typing *callshim* <ENTER> at the VNMR console line.
 - b. Click on Acqi to shim the sample manually.



2) **gmapshim** <ENTER> retrieves a shim file called *stdshims* before ²H gradient shimming.

Manual Referencing – Find the solvent or TMS peak; click on the peak, and type at the VNMR command line:

nl rl(xx)<ENTER>.

Example: rI(7.27p) for CDCl₃

Some Useful VNMR Commands and Parameters		
xx ?	Parameters can be checked at the command line by typing the parameter name with a question mark at the end.	
	They can be set by typing the parameter name followed by an equal sign followed by the value, e.g. vs? nt? fn?	
vs	Vertical scaling: can be set via <u>middle button of the mouse</u> . Position the mouse on the peak and increase its vertical scale by holding the middle mouse button. Parameter can also be changed at the keyboard, i. e. vs=300 .	
vp	Vertical position, in mm from bottom of page (or screen).	
vsadj	Automatically adjusts vs to fit the screen with the tallest peak of the spectrum.	
dscale	Show scale below spectrum on screen (pscale to plot).	
text('') or type gettext <enter></enter>	Make comment for file archiving and plotting	
cd<('path')>	Change directory without an argument it sets the default directory to your login directory	
pwd	Print working directory, show the current default directory	
dir	Directory listing in text window	
cexp(#)	Create experiment job #, where # is a number between 1 and 9	
jexp#	Join experiment job #. Obs: all experiment jobs but exp1 are deleted upon logout	