## **Appendix C**

## Library of Congress' Capital Cost Estimates for Full-Scale Mass Deacidification Facility November 1987

This appendix includes the estimates of capital costs for a full scale mass deacidification facility prepared by the Library of Congress and its contractors in November 1987. This facility would be composed of two structures, a warehouse support building and a chemical treatment building. The appendix consists of four parts:

- The cover memorandum provides some of the major assumptions used to come up with the estimates.
- 2. Table C-1 lists the construction costs for the chemical treatment facility.
- 3. Table C-2 lists the space requirements for the different components of the warehouse support facility and the estimate of costs to construct such space.
- 4. Table C-3 lists the changes in equipment that will probably be required to scale-up the Texas Alkyls pilot plant into a full-scale facility that can treat 1 million books per year.

Table C-1.—Capital Cost Estimate for a One. Million. Book-per-Year Deacidification Chemical Process Facility

Item	Cost estimate
Concrete	\$ 40,000
Steel	40,000
Equipment	
Spare Parts (Inventory) ,	50,000
Pipe	250,000
Electrical	275,000
Instruments	450,000
Building (Shell)	a
Insulation	50,000
Coatings	20,000
Fire Protection .,	50,000
Field Indirects	300,000
Engineering and Home Office	190,000
Fee	200,000
Total	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Included in total space and capital estimate for warehouse/processingfacility.

Table C-2.—Capital Cost Estimates for a Deacidification Plant Office/Warehouse Support Facility

		-
		Square feet
1.0	Administration	
1.1	V  e  s  t  i  b  u  I  e  .	75
1,2	Reception and Waiting ~ ~	190
1.3	Plant Manager	120
1.4	Operations Engineer ~ ~ ., .,	100
1.5	Chemical/Computer Technician	100
1.6	Office, ~ ~	100
1.7 1.8	O f f i c e	100
1.0	copy ., S t o r a a e	80 80
	<b>S t o r a a e</b> 10 Toilet; (2 @ 80 SF)	160
	1 Janitor Closet	35
1.12		165
1	. 13 Lunch Room .	250
1.	14 Conference Room w/Screen	300
	Subtotal	1,855
2.0	Warehouse/Processing	
2.1	Pallet Storage	8,000
2.2	Chemical Process Area.	8,000
2.3	Quality Assurance Laboratory ~	750
2.4	Maintenance, ., .,,	1,100
2,5	Men's and Women's Lockers	400
2.6	Loading/Unloading .,	1,050
2.7	Spare Parts Storage	1,000
2.8	Service Oock	300
	Subtotal .,	20,600
3.0	Building Support	
3.1	Mechanical Room	1,500
3.2	Electrical Room ., ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	1,000
3.3	Telephone Equipment Room	120
3.4	Building Maintenance Room. S u b t o t a l	120
		2,740
	Support Building Area:	8,178
	Support Building Gross:	2,818
	Support Building and Chemical	
	Process Totals (square feet): .,	30,996
	Gross SF Cost/SF	Amount
1.0	Building Cost Estimate	Amount
1.1	•	180,288
1.2	Warehouse/Processing ~ 22,660	1,246,300
1.3	Building Support 3,014 55.00	165,770
1.4	Building Walls ~ ~ ~ 3,818 55.00	209,990
		\$1,802,348
5.0	Project Cost Estimate	¢1 002 240
5.2	Building Cost Site Work ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	\$1,802,348
J.Z	Total Project Cost (w/o Process Equipment) ., ,\$.	,
	Total Project Cost (w/o Process Equipment) ., ,3.	2,130,340

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

TO: Mr. Peter Johnson DATE: November 23, 1987

Office of Technology Assessment

FROM: Peter G. Sparks

Director, Mass Deacidification Program

SUBJECT: Capital Cost Estimates for Main Deacidification Facility

As requested the Library has taken steps to come up with capital cost estimates for the Ft. Detrick facility. These costs were based on our current thinking that the facility would consist of two separate structures—a support facility and a chemical treatment facility. It is unclear at the moment how these structures would be connected but we see this as a minor cost. We worked with the architect that had previously been for the project Shertz, Franklin, Crawford and Shaffner in Roanoke, Virginia and with S&B Engineering in Houston, Texas to get estimates. Both estimates were done in consultation with our engineer who reviewed the chemical plant costs in detail.

The estimates for the warehouse support facility are fairly self-explanatory showing the various functions that will be in the building with gross square footage allocated to each and the construction cost estimate at the end. These data are shown in table **C-2**.

The estimates for the chemical treatment plant are based on a hypothetical chamber size and configuration since there is no firm design in place for this part of the facility. The chemical part of the facility and the control room flow from the design of the pilot facility. The chemical facility estimates are based on a number of assumptions which are listed below:

- 1. The four chamber design has been chosen to stay within the capacity of commercially available vacuum pumps.
- The unit can be installed in a building approximately 100 feet by 80 feet.
- 3. Utilities such as electricity, instrument air, fire water, and potable water are available at battery limits.
- 4. No site development work is included.
- 5. No emergency power generator is provided.
- 6. Estimate is based on Houston area open shop labor rates.
- 7. No contingency is added to the estimate.

An analysis of the large scale facility requirements and equipment changes are shown in table C-3. Construction cost estimates for a one million book per year treatment facility are given in table C-1.

Attachments

Table C-3.-Equipment Changes for Scale-UP

1. Design items	Pilot unit as designed	1 mm book/year facility
No. of Chambers	1	4
No. Carts in Chamber (27" Wx48"H x41 L)		5
Average No. of Books per Cart	_	224
No. Books/Chamber—Maximum	360	1,120
Design Cycle Length'	30.5	36
	_	223
Cycles/Year/Chamber.	_	
Chamber, Hrs. in Operation	_	8,028 732
Overall Service Factor		91.6
Per Chamber per Cycle, Ibs. DEZ Consumed	23.31 11.35	72.52 35.52
Annual Rates, lbs/yr. DEZ Consumed	_	64,687 31,505
Chamber, Diameter	6′0″ 5′6T-F	6'0" IO'O" T-F
DEZ Circulation Rate, lbs/hr	573.8	773.4
N2DD Circulation Rate, lbs/hr	1,600	4,300
	Pilot unit	1mm book/year
2. Equipment	as designed	facility
DEZ Vaporizer Duty, BTU/hr	105,000	141,000
DEZ 1st Stg. Condenser Duty, BTU/ hr	120,000	152,500
DEZ 2nd Stg. Condenser Duty, BTU/hr	17,000	23,000
N₂ Heater/Cooler  Duty, Heating BTU/hr.  Cooling BTU/hr.	17,500 20,000	50,000 54,000
Dehydration Water Heater Duty, BTU/hr	92,670 30	288,178 100
Watlow Model		FRN744E5
Hot Oil Heater Duty, BTU/hr	130,000 40	151,000 50
Watlow Model		CFRS751 E5
Refrigeration Unit Duty, Tons	11	15
DEZ Receiver Diameter	12.09" 30"T-T	17.25" 36"S/S
Dehydration Tank Diameter Length	24"OD 18"	24"OD 50"
Hot Oil Surge Tank Diameter	23.25" 4'O"T-T	35.25" 4'6"T-T
Chilled Oil Surge Tank Diameter	29.25" 4'O"T-T	35.25-ID 5'O"T-T

Table C-3.—Equipment Changes for Scale-UP—(Continued)

2. Equipment	Pilot unit as designed	1 mm book/year facility	
Seal Pot			
Number Diameter	2 12.75'OD	2 18"OD	
Height	12.75 OD 18"T-T	18 OD 18"T-T	
Exhaust Blower	(Balzers)	(Balzers)	
Suction Pressure	40 Torr	140Torr	
Discharge Pressure	800Torr	800Torr	
ACFM Suction	128	110	
Balzers - Model , ,	DUO250A (Two Stg.	2 C D U 0 2 5 0 A	
	Rotary Vane)		
DEZ Recycle Blower	(Balzers)	(Balzers)	
Suction Pressure	`18Torr <sup>´</sup>	18 Torr	
Discharge Pressure	50Torr	150 Torr	
ACFM Suction	1,505	2,610	
Balzers Model	WKP4000	2@WKP4000	
Nitrogen Recycle Blower	(Not Provided)		
Suction Pressure	0Psig	0 Psig	
Discharge Pressure	10 Psig	15 Psig	
ACFM Suction	364	1,050	
Chamber Vacuum Pump			
Suction Pressure	Oil to760Torr Oil to 760 Torr		
Discharge Pressure	800 Torr	800 Torr	
ACFM Suction	85	170	
Kinney Model	KTC-112	3@ KTC-225	
Hot Oil Circulation Pump			
GPM, Rated	67.0	200	
TDH, Rated	89.5'	100'	
H.H.P	1.25	4.17	
Chilled Oil Circulation Pump			
GPM, Rated	112.5	270	
TDH, Rated	88.9'	100'	
H.H.P	2.23	6.12	