## **Appendixes**

## **ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS**

ADAP	Airport Development Program	Ldn	<ul> <li>Day-Night Average Sound Level</li> </ul>
AERA	<ul> <li>Advanced En Route Automation</li> </ul>	MLS	<ul> <li>Microwave Landing System</li> </ul>
AIP	— Airport Improvement Program	Mode S	Discrete Address Secondary Radar
AOCI	- Airport Operators Council		System (with data link)
	International	NAR	<ul> <li>National Airspace Review</li> </ul>
ARTS	<ul> <li>Automated Radar Terminal System</li> </ul>	NAS	National Airspace System
ASDE	<ul> <li>Airport Surface Detection Equipment</li> </ul>	NASA	<ul> <li>National Aeronautics and Space</li> </ul>
ASR	Airport Surveillance Radar		Administration
ATA	Air Transport Association	NASAO	<ul> <li>National Association of State</li> </ul>
ATC	— air traffic control		Aviation Officials
ATCRBS	<ul> <li>Air Traffic Control Radar Beacon</li> </ul>	NASCOM	I — National Airspace Command Center
	System	NASP	<ul> <li>National Airport System Plan</li> </ul>
AWOS	<ul> <li>Automated Weather Observation</li> </ul>	NEF	<ul> <li>Noise Exposure Forecast</li> </ul>
	System	NEXRAD	<ul> <li>Next Generation Weather Radar</li> </ul>
CAA	<ul> <li>Civil Aeronautics Administration</li> </ul>	nmı	<ul><li>nautical mile</li></ul>
CAB	<ul> <li>Civil Aeronautics Board</li> </ul>	NPIAS	<ul> <li>National Plan of Integrated Airport</li> </ul>
CAPIS	<ul> <li>Customs Accelerated Passenger</li> </ul>		Systems
	Inspection Service	OSEM	<ul> <li>FAA Office of System Engineering</li> </ul>
CBO	<ul> <li>Congressional Budget Office</li> </ul>		Management
CDTI	<ul> <li>Cockpit Display of Terminal</li> </ul>	PANCAP	<ul> <li>Practical Annual Capacity</li> </ul>
	Information	PATCO	<ul> <li>Professional Air Traffic Controllers</li> </ul>
CNEL	— Community Noise Equivalent Level		Organization
dB	— decibel	PFC	<ul> <li>passenger facility charge</li> </ul>
dBA	— decibel (A-weighted)	PGP	<ul> <li>Planning Grant Program</li> </ul>
DOT	<ul> <li>Department of Transportation</li> </ul>	PHOCAP	
EPNdB	<ul> <li>Effective Perceived Noise Decibels</li> </ul>	PMS	<ul> <li>Performance Measurement System</li> </ul>
FAA	<ul> <li>Federal Aviation Administration</li> </ul>	ROT	<ul> <li>runway occupancy time</li> </ul>
FAR	<ul> <li>Federal Aviation Regulations</li> </ul>	SASP	State Aviation System Plan
FBO	— fixed base operator	SDRS	<ul> <li>Standard Air Carrier Delay</li> </ul>
FHWA	<ul> <li>Federal Highway Administration</li> </ul>		Reporting System
FIS	<ul> <li>Federal Inspection Service</li> </ul>	SMSA	<ul> <li>Standard Metropolitan Statistical</li> </ul>
FY	— fiscal year		Area
GA	<ul> <li>general aviation</li> </ul>	STOL	<ul> <li>Short Takeoff and Landing (aircraft)</li> </ul>
GNP	<ul> <li>gross national product</li> </ul>	TAF	Terminal Area Forecast
GTW	<ul> <li>gross takeoff weight</li> </ul>	TAGS	<ul> <li>Tower Automated Ground</li> </ul>
IATA	<ul> <li>International Air Transport</li> </ul>		Surveillance System
	Association	TCAS	<ul> <li>Traffic Alert and Collision</li> </ul>
ICAO	<ul> <li>International Civil Aviation</li> </ul>		Avoidance System
	Organization	TMS	<ul> <li>Traffic Management System</li> </ul>
IFM	<ul> <li>Integrated Flow Management</li> </ul>	TPX-42	<ul> <li>Military Radar Beacon Decoder</li> </ul>
IFR	<ul> <li>Instrument Flight Rules</li> </ul>	UHF	<ul> <li>Ultra High Frequency (radio)</li> </ul>
ILS	<ul> <li>Instrument Landing System</li> </ul>	UMTA	<ul> <li>Urban Mass Transportation</li> </ul>
IMC	<ul> <li>Instrument Meteorological</li> </ul>		Administration
	Conditions	VAS	<ul> <li>(Wake) Vortex Advisory System</li> </ul>
JAWOS	<ul> <li>Joint Automated Weather</li> </ul>	VFR	<ul> <li>Visual Flight Rules</li> </ul>
	Observation System	VHF	<ul> <li>Very High Frequency (radio)</li> </ul>
JAWS	<ul> <li>Joint Airport Weather Studies</li> </ul>	VMC	<ul> <li>Visual Meteorological Conditions</li> </ul>
LLWSAS	<ul> <li>Low Level Wind Shear Alert System</li> </ul>		

## **Airport Designators**

The Federal Aviation Administration and the *Official Airline Guide* employ a standard three-letter abbreviation to identify commercial service airports. The identifiers for large airports—those enplaning 1 percent or more of airline passengers in 1982—are listed below.

ATL	— Atlanta, William B. Hartsfield
	International
BOS	<ul> <li>Boston, Logan International</li> </ul>
DAL	— Dallas, Love Field
DCA	<ul> <li>Washington National Airport</li> </ul>
DEN	<ul> <li>Denver, Stapleton International</li> </ul>
DFW	<ul><li>Dallas-Fort Worth Regional</li></ul>
DTW	<ul><li>Detroit, Metropolitan Wayne</li></ul>
	County
EWR	- Newark
HNL	<ul> <li>Honolulu International</li> </ul>
IAH	<ul> <li>Houston Intercontinental</li> </ul>
JFK	<ul> <li>New York, John F. Kennedy</li> </ul>
	International
LAS	<ul> <li>Las Vegas, McCarran International</li> </ul>
LAX	<ul> <li>Los Angeles International</li> </ul>
LGA	— New York, La Guardia
MCO	<ul> <li>Orlando International</li> </ul>
MIA	<ul> <li>Miami International</li> </ul>
MSP	— Minneapolis-St. Paul
MSY	<ul> <li>New Orleans International, Moisant</li> </ul>
	Field
ORD	<ul> <li>Chicago, O'Hare International</li> </ul>
PHL	<ul> <li>Philadelphia International</li> </ul>
PHX	<ul> <li>Phoenix, Sky Harbor International</li> </ul>
PIT	<ul> <li>Greater Pittsburgh International</li> </ul>
SEA	<ul> <li>Seattle-Tacoma International</li> </ul>
SFO	<ul> <li>San Francisco International</li> </ul>
STL	<ul> <li>St. Louis (Lambert) International</li> </ul>
TETS A	m r i i i

— Tampa International

TPA