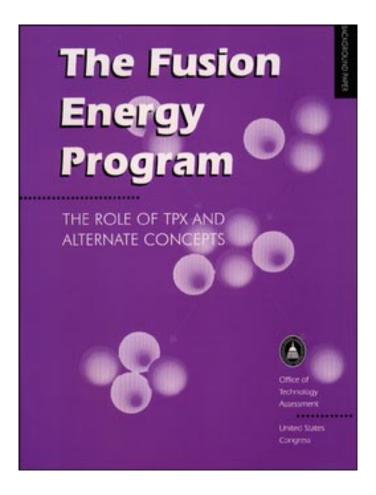
# The Fusion Energy Program: The Role of TPX and Alternate Concepts

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# $\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{oreword}}$

or over four decades the federal government has supported research to develop reactors that harness fusion energy for commercial electric power production. However, even the most optimistic proponents of the U.S. Department of Energy's fusion energy program note that many scientific, engineering, and economic challenges remain. Meeting these challenges sufficiently to construct a prototype commercial fusion powerplant is expected to require tens of billions of dollars in experimental facilities and research over the next several decades.

This background paper, responding to a request by the House Committee on Science, focuses on the following two questions for the U.S. fusion energy program. First, what is the role of the Tokamak Physics Experiment (TPX), an approximately \$700 million fusion reactor currently awaiting a congressional decision to begin construction? This paper examines the history of TPX planning; the anticipated scientific, engineering, and institutional contributions; and the relationship between the TPX and the next major planned tokamak facilities, the International Thermonuclear Experimental Reactor (ITER), currently in the design stage, and the DEMO facility planned for operation in about three decades, which would be the first fusion device to demonstrate production of electricity.

Second, what is the role of alternatives to the tokamak concept in a broad-based fusion energy program? Over the past several years the program has been narrowed substantially to concentrate on the single most successful and furthest developed fusion energy concept, the tokamak. This narrowing, driven heavily by budgetary reasons, has been decried by many fusion researchers as premature given the current elementary state of fusion knowledge. This study examines the motives for pursuing alternate concepts, the steps involved and costs of alternate concept research, and the current status of alternate concept research as conducted in the U.S. fusion energy program.

While the focus of the study is on the TPX and alternate concepts, it also provides a history of the overall fusion energy program. With this context, the study identifies (but does not answer) some underlying questions that must be addressed. The most pressing of these are: what is the potential role of the fusion energy program in meeting long-term energy needs? what level of research funding is justified by that role? and what are the most reasonable goals and directions for the program under scenarios of flat or declining budgets?

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ROGER C. HERDMAN

Director

# Workshop

Alan Crane, Chairman

Senior Associate Energy, Transportation, and Infrastructure Program Office of Technology Assessment

#### **Donald Correll**

Deputy Program Leader for Inertial Confinement Fusion Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

#### **David H. Crandall**

Director, Applied Plasma Physics Division Office of Energy Research U.S. Department of Energy

#### N. Anne Davies

Associate Director for Fusion Energy Office of Energy Research U.S. Department of Energy

# Stephen O. Dean

President Fusion Power Associates

#### **Robert Hirsch**

Consultant

#### Alan Hoffman

Aerospace and Energetics Research Building University of Washington, Seattle

#### **Jack Kaslow**

Executive Director, Northeast Region Electric Power Research Institute

#### William D. Kay

Department of Political Sciences Northeastern University

#### Dale M. Meade

Deputy Director Princeton University Plasma Physics Laboratory

#### David O. Overskei

Senior Vice President General Atomics

#### John Perkins

Physicist and Group Leader Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

# Stewart C. Prager

President, University Fusion Association and Professor Department of Physics University of Wisconsin-Madison

#### Paul-Henri Rebut

International Thermonuclear Experimental Reactor Engineering Design Activities

#### John Sheffield

Fusion Energy Division
Oak Ridge National Laboratory

# John W. Willis

Director, Confinement Systems Division Office of Energy Research U.S. Department of Energy

**Note:** OTA appreciates and is grateful for the valuable assistance and thoughtful critiques provided by the workshop participants. The participants do not, however, necessarily approve, disapprove, or endorse this report. OTA assumes full responsibility for the report and the accuracy of its contents.

# Project Staff

Peter D. Blair

Assistant Director Industry, Commerce, and International Security Division

Emilia L. Govan

Program Director Energy, Transportation, and Infrastructure Program

**ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF** 

Marsha Fenn

Office Administrator

**Tina Aikens** 

Administrative Secretary

**Gay Jackson** 

PC Specialist

Lillian Chapman

**Division Administrator** 

**PRINCIPAL STAFF** 

**Robin Roy** 

Project Director

Karen Larsen

Senior Anaylst

**Richard Rowberg** 

Senior Specialist

Congressional Research Service

**PUBLISHING STAFF** 

**Mary Lou Higgs** 

Manager

**Dorinda Edmondson** 

Typographer

Susan Hoffmeyer

Graphic Designer

**Chip Moore** 

**Production Editor** 

**Chris Onrubia** 

Senior Graphic Designer

# Reviewers and Contributors

**Anna Aurilio** 

U.S. Public Interest Research Group

**Charles Baker** 

University of California, San Diego

David E. Baldwin

Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

**Roger Bangerter** 

University of California, Berkeley

**Richard Brody** 

Office of Technology Assessment

Mark Brown

Office of Technology Assessment

E. Michael Campbell

Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

Valeriy Chuyanov

International Thermonuclear Experimental Reactor Engineering Design Activities

**Thomas Cochran** 

Natural Resources Defense Council

**Tony Colleraine** 

**General Atomics** 

**Donald Correll** 

Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

David H. Crandall

U.S. Department of Energy

N. Anne Davies

U.S. Department of Energy

Stephen O. Dean

**Fusion Power Associates** 

James F. Decker

U.S. Department of Energy

Gerald Epstein

Office of Technology Assessment

Julie Van Fleet

International Thermonuclear Experimental Reactor Engineering Design Activities

**Robert Goldston** 

Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory

**Robert Hirsch** 

Consultant

Alan Hoffman

Oak Ridge National Laboratory

Rush D. Holt

Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory

Paul Komor

Office of Technology Assessment

**Grant Logan** 

Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

Bogdan C. Maglich

Advanced Physics Corp.

Dale M. Meade

Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory

David O. Overskei

General Atomics

John Perkins

Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

**Stewart Prager** 

University Fusion Association University of Wisconsin, Madison

Paul-Henri Rebut

International Thermonuclear Experimental Reactor Engineering Design Activities

**Michael Roberts** 

U.S. Department of Energy

# Marshall N. Rosenbluth

International Thermonuclear Experimental Reactor Engineering Design Activities

# Norman Rostoker

Department of Physics University of California, Irvine

# Joanne Sedor

Office of Technology Assessment

# John Sheffield

Oak Ridge National Laboratory

#### Yasuo Shimomura

International Thermonuclear Experimental Reactor Engineering Design Activities

#### **Loren Steinhaur**

Redmond Plasma Physics Laboratories University of Washington

# Ravi Sudan

Laboratory of Plasma Studies Cornell University

# **Matthew Weinberg**

Office of Technology Assessment

# John W. Willis

U.S. Department of Energy

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