PUBLIC LAW 98-365—JULY 17, 1984

98 STAT. 451

Public Law 98-365 98th Congress

An Act

To establish a system to promote the use of landremote-sensing satellite data, and for other purposes.

July 17, 1984 '[H.R. 5155]

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the United States of America in Co assembled, That this Act may ~::li~gemote -~ e as the 'land Remom nming Commercialization Act of ~o~merCi~liM-

TITLE I-DECLARATION Of findings PURPOSES, AND

tion Act of 1984. Communications and telecommunications. 15 USC 4201

FINDINGS

SEC. 101. The Congress finds and declares that-

Congress.

- (1) the continuous civilian collection and utilization of land I^s se 4201 remote-sensin~ data from space are of major benefit in managing the Earths natural resources and in planning and conducting many other activities of economic importance;
- (2) the Federal Government's experimental Landsat system Land@ system. has established the United States as the world leader in land remote-sensing technology;
- (S).the national interest of the United States lies in maintaining international leadership in civil remote sensing and in broadly promoting the beneficial use of remote-sensing data;

(4) land remote sensing by the Government or private parties Defense and of the United States affects international commitments and policies and national security concerns of the United States;

- (5) the broadest and most beneficial use of land remote-sensing data will result from maintaining a policy of nondiscriminatory access to data;
- (6) competitive, marketdriven private sector involvement in land remote sensing is in the national interest of the United
- (7) use of land remote-sensing data has been inhibited by slow market development and by the lack of assurance d data continuity:
- (8) the private sector, and in particular the "value-added" industry, is best suited to develop land remote-sensing data markets:
- (9) there is doubt that the private sector alone can currently develop a total land remote-sensing system because of the high risk and large capital expenditure involved;
- (10) cooperation between the Federal Government and private industryan help assure both data continuity and United States leadership;
- (11) the time is now appropriate to initiate such cooperation with phased transition to a fully commercial system;
- (12) such cooperation should be structured to involve the minimum practicable amount of support and regulation by the

PUBLIC LAW 98-365—JULY 17, 1984

Federal Government and the maximum practicable amount of competition by the private sector, while assuring continuous availability to the Federal Government of land remote-sensing data;

- (13) certain Government oversight must be maintained to assure that private sector activities are in the national interest and that the international commitments and policies of the United States are honored; and
- (14) there is no compelling reason to commercialize meteorological satellites at this time.

PURPOSES

15 USC 4202.

Defense and

national

security.

- SEC. 102. The purposes of this Act are to—
 - (1) guide the Federal Government in achieving proper involvement of the private sector by providing a framework for phased commercialization of land remote sensing and by assuring continuous data availability to the Federal Government;
 - (2) maintain the United States worldwide leadership in civil remote sensing, preserve its national security, and fulfill its international obligations;
 - (3) minimize the duration and amount of **further** investment necessary to assure data continuity while achieving commercialization of civil land remote sensing;
 - (4) provide for a comprehensive civilian program of research, development, and demonstration to enhance both the United States capabilities for remote sensing from space and the application and utilization of such capabilities; and
 - (5) prohibit commercialization of meteorological satellites at this time.

POLICIES

15 USC 4203.

- SEC. 103. (a) It shall be the policy of the United States to preserve its right to acquire and disseminate unenhanced remote-sensing
- (b) It shall be the policy of the United States that civilian unenhanced remote-sensing data be made available to all potential users on a nondiscriminatory basis and in a manner consistent with applicable antitrust laws.

Defense and national security.

(c) It shall be the policy of the United States both to commercialize those remote-sensing space systems that properly lend themselves to private sector operation and to avoid competition by the Government with such commercial operations, while continuing to preserve our national security, to honor our international obligations, and to retain in the Government those remote-sensing functions that are essentially of a public service nature.

DEFINITIONS

15 USC 4204.

SEC. 104. For purposes of this Act:

- (1) The term "Landsat system" means Landsats 1,2,3,4, and 5, and any related ground equipment, systems, and facilities, and any successor civil land remote-sensing space systems operated by the United States Government prior to the commencement of the six-year period described in title III.
 - (2) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Commerce.

- (3)(A) The term "nondiscriminatory basis" means without preference, bias, or any other special arrangement (except on the basis of national security concerns pursuant to section 607) regarding delivery, format, financing, or technical considerations which would favor one buyer or class of buyers over another.
- (~) The sale of data is made on a nondiscriminatory basis only if (1) any offer to sell or deliver data is published in advance in such manner as will ensure that the offer is equally available to all prospective buyers; (ii) the system operator has not established or changed any price, policy, procedure, or other term or condition in a manner which gives one buyer or class of buyer de facto favored access to data; (iii) the system operator does not make unenhanced data available to any purchaser on an exclusive basis; and (iv) in a case where a system operator offers volume discounts, such discounts are no greater than the demonstrable reductions in the cost of volume sales. The sale of data on a nondiscriminatory basis does not preclude the system operator from offering discounts other than volume discounts to the extent that such discounts are consistent with the provisions of this paragraph.
- (C)The sale of data on a nondiscriminatory basis does not require (i) that a system operator disclose names of buyers or their purchases; (ii) that a system operator maintain all, or any particular subset of, data in a working inventory; or (iii) that a system operator expend equal effort in developing all segments of a market.
- (4) The term "unenhanced data" means unprocessed or minimally processed signals or film products collected from civil remote-sensing space systems. Such minimal processing may include rectification of distortions, registration with respect to features of the Earth, and calibration of spectral response. Such minimal processing does not include conclusions, manipulations, or calculations derived from such signals or film products or combination of the signals or film products with other data or information.
- (5) The term "system operator" means a contractor under title II or title III or a license holder under title IV.

TITLE II—OPERATION AND DATA MARKETING OF LANDSAT

OPERATION

SEC. 201. (a) The Secretary shall be responsible for—

(1) the Landsat system, including the orbit, operation, and disposition of Landsats 1,2,3,4, and 5; and

(2) provision of data to forei ground stations under the terms of agreements between tre United States Government and nations that operate such ground stations which are in force on the date of commencement of the contract awarded pursuant to this title.

b) The provisions of this section shall not affect the Secretary's authority to contract for the operation of part or all of the Landsat system, so long as the United States Government retains—

- (1) ownership of such system;
- (2) ownership of the unenhanced data; and

15 USC 4211.

PUBLIC LAW 98-365—JULY 17, 1984

(3) authority to make decisions concerning operation of the system.

CONTRACT FOR MARKETING OF UNENHANCED DATA

15 USC 4212.

- SEC. 202. (a) In accordance with the requirements of this title, the Secretary, by means of a competitive recess and to the extent provided in advance by appropriation Icts, shall contract with a United States private sector arty (as defined by the Secretary) for the marketing of unenhancJ data collected by the Landsat system. Any such contract—
 - (1) shall provide that the contractor set the prices of unenhanced data;
 - (2) may provide for financial arrangements between the Secretary and the contractor including fees for operating the system, payments by the contractor as an initial f= or as a percentage of sales receipts, or other such considerations;
 - (~) shall provide that the contractor will offer to sell and dehver unenhanced data to all potential buyers on a nondiscriminatory basis;
 - (4) shall provide that the contractor pay to the United States Government the full purchase price of any unenhanced data that the contractor elects to utilize for purposes other than sale;
 - (5) shall be entered into by the Secreta only if the Secretary has determined that such contract is likeYy to result in net cost savings for the United States Government; and
 - (6) may be reaward~ competitively after the practical demise of the space segment of the Landsat system, as determined by the Secretary.
- (b) Any contract authorized by subsection (a) may specify that the contractor use, and, at his own expense, maintain, repair, or modify, such elements of the Landsat system as the contractor finds necessary for commercial operations.

(c) Any decision or proposed decision by the Secretary to enter into any such contract shall be transmitted to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Trans rtation of the Senate and the Committee on Science and Technorogy of the House of Representatives for their review. No such decision or proposed decision shall be implemented unless (A) a period of thirty calendar days has passed after the receipt by each such committee of such transmittal, or (B) each such committee before the expiration of such period has agreed to transmit and has transmitted to the Secretary written notice to the effect that such committee has no objection to the decision or proposed decision. As part of the transmittal, the Secretary shall include information on the terms of the contract described in subsection (a).

(d) In defining "United States private sector party" for purposes of this Act, the Secretary may take into account the citizenship of key personnel, location of assets, foreign ownership, control, influence, and other such factors.

CONDITIONS OF COMPETITION FOR CONTRACT

15 USC 4213.

Sec. 203. (a) The Secretary shall, as part of the advertisement for the competition for the contract authorized by section 202, identify and publish the international obligations, national security concerns (with appropriate protection of sensitive information), domestic

Congress.

98 STAT. 455

legal considerations, and any other standards or conditions which a private contractor shall be required to meet.

- (b) In selecting a contractor under this title, the Secretary shall consider—
 - (1) ability to market aggressively unenhanced data;
 - (2) the best overall financial return to the Government, including the potential cost savings to the Government that are likely to result from the contract;
 - (3) ability to meet the obligations, concerns, considerations, standards, and conditions identified under subsection (a);
 - (4) technical competence, including the ability to assure continuous and timely delivery of data from the Landsat system;
 - (5) ability to effect a smooth transition with the contractor selected under title III; and
 - (6) such other factors as the Secretary deems appropriate and relevant.
- (c) If, as a result of the competitive process required by section Rewrt 202(a), the Secretary receives no proposal which is acceptable under the provisions of this title, the Secretary shall so certify and fully report such finding to the Congress. As soon as practicable but not later than thirty days after so certifying and reporting, the Secretary shall reopen the competitive process. The period for the subsequent competitive process shall not exceed one hundred and twenty days. If, after such subsequent competitive process, the Secretary receives no proposal which is acceptable under the provisions of this title, the Secretary shall so certify and fully report such finding to the Congress. In the event that no acceptable proposal is received, the Secretary shall continue to market data from the Landsat system.
- (d) A contract awarded under section 202 may, in the discretion of the Secretary, be combined with the contract required by title III, pursuant to section 304(b).

SALE OF DATA

- Sec. 204. (a) After the date of the commencement of the contract 15 USC 4214. described in section 202(a), the contractor shall be entitled to revenues from sales of copies of data from the Landsat system, subject to the conditions specified in sections 601 and 602.
- (b) The contractor may continue to market data previously generated by the Landsat system after the demise of the space segment of that system.

FOREIGN GROUND STATIONS

- Sec. 205. (a) The contract under this title shall provide that the 15 USC 4215, contractor shall act as the agent of the Secretary by continuing to supply unenhanced data to foreign ground stations for the life, and according to the terms, of those agreements between the United States Government and such foreign ground stations that are in force on the date of the commencement of the contract.
- (b) Upon the expiration of such agreements, or in the case of foreign ground stations that have no agreement with the United States on the date of commencement of the contract, the contract shall provide—

PUBLIC LAW 98-365—JULY 17, 1984

- (1) that unenhanced data from the Landsat system shall be made available to foreign ground stations only by the contractor; and
- (2) that such data shall be made available on a nondiscriminatory barns.

TITLE III-PROVISION OF DATA CONTINUITY AFTER THE LANDSAT SYSTEM

PURPOSES AND DEFINITION

15 USC 4221.

- SEC. 301. (a) It is the purpose of this title-
 - (1) to provide, in an orderly manner and with minimal risk, for a transition from Government operation to private, commercial operation of civil land remotesensing systems; and
 - (2) to provide data continuity for six ears after the practical demise of the space segment of the LanL t system.
- (b) For purposes of this title, the term "data continuity" means the continued availability of unenhanced data—
 - (1) including data which are from the point of view of a data user—
 - (A) functionally equivalent to the multispectral data generated by the Landsat 1 and 2 satellites; and
 - (B) compatible with such data and with equipment used to receive and process such data; and
 - (2) at an annual volume at least equal to the Federal usage during f~cal year 1983.
- (c) Data continuity may be provided using whatever technologies are available.

DATA CONTINUITY AND AVAILABILITY

Contracts with US. 15 USC 4222.

- Sec. 302. The Secretary shall solicit proposals from United States private sector parties (as defined by the Secretary pursuant to section 202) for a contract for the development and operation of a remote-sensing space system capable of providing data continuity for a period of six years and for marketing unenhanced data in accordance with the provisions of sections 601 and 602. Such proposals, at a minimum, shall specify—
 - (1) the quantities and qualities of unenhanced data expected from the system;
 - (2) the projected date u~n which operations could begin;
 - (3) the -number of satilhtes to be constructed and their expected hfetlmes;
 - (4) any need for Federal funding to develop the system;
 - (5) any percentage of sales receipts or other returns offered to the Federal Government;
 - (6) plans for expanding the market for land remote-sensing data; and
 - (7) the pro ed procedures for meeting the national security concerns an international obligations of the United States in accordance with section 607.

AWARDING OF THE CONTRACT

15 USC 4223.

Sec. 303. (a)(1) In accordance with the r uirementa of this title, the Secretary shall evaluate the proposals Described in section 302 and, by means of a competitive process and to the extent provided in

98 STAT, 457

advance by appropriation Acts, shall contract with the United States private sector party for the capability of providing data continuity for a period of six years and for marketing unenhanced data.

- (2) Before commencing s ace operations the contractor shall obtain a license under title IV.
- (b) AS part of the evaluation described in subsection (a), the &~:t.a~ shall analyze the expected outcome of each proposal in
 - (1) the net cost to the Federal Government of developing the recommended system;
 - (2) the technical competence and financial condition of the contractor;
 - (3) the availability of such data after the expected termination of the Landsat system;
 - (4) the quantities and qualities of data to be generated by the recommended system;
 - (5) the contractor's ability to supplement the requirement for data-continuity by adding, at the contractor's expense, remotesensing capabilities which maintain United States leadership in remote sensing;
 - (6) the potential to expand the market for data;
 - (7) expected returns to the Federal Government based on any percentage of data sales or other such financial consideration offered to the Federal Government in accordance with section 305;
 - (8) the commercial viability of the proposal;
 - (9) the proposed procedures for satisfying the national security concerns and international obligations of the United States;
 - (10) the contractor's ability to effect a smooth transition with any contractor selected under title II; and
 - (11) such other factors as the Secretary deems appropriate and relevant.

(c) Any decision or proposed decision by the Secretary to enter Con-ess. into any such contract shall be transmitted to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Science and Technorogy of the House of Representatives for their review. No such decision or proposed decision shall be implemented unless (1) a period of thirty calendar days has passed after the receipt by each such committee of such transmittal, or (2) each such committee before the expiration of such period has agreed to transmit and has transmitted to the Secretary written notice to the effect that such committee has no objection to the decision or proposed decision. As part of the transmittal, the Secretary shall include the information specified in subsection (a).

(d) If, as a result of the competitive process required by this Rewrt. section, the Secretary receives no proposal which is acce table under the provisions of this title, the secretary shall so certi! and fully report such findin to the Congress. As soon as practicable but not later than thirty hays after so certifying and reporting, the Secretary shall reopen the competitive process. The period for the subsequent competitive process shall not exceed one hundred and eighty days. If, after such subsequent com titive process, the Sem+ tary receives no proposal which is acceptarle under the provisions of this title, the Secretary shall so certify and full report such finding to the Congress. Not earlier than ninety days a/ter such certification and report, the Secretary may assure data continuity by procure-

98 STAT, 458

PUBLIC LAW 98-365—JULY 17, 1984

ment and operation by the Federal Government of the necessary systems, to the extent provided in advance by appropriation Acts.

TERMS OF CONTRACT

15 USC 4224.

- SEC. 304. (a) Any contract entered into pursuant to this title—
 (1) shall be entered into as soon as practicable, allowing for the competitive procurement process required by this title;
 - (2) shall, in accordance with criteria determined and ub lished by the Secretary, reasonably assure data continuity or a period of six years, beginning as soon as practicable in order to minimize any interruption of data availability;
 - (~) sh~l provide that the contractor wir offer ti =11 and dehver unenhanced data to all potential buyers on a nondiscriminatory basis;
 - (4) shall not provide a guarantee of data purchases from the contractor by the Federal Government;
 - (5) may provide that the contractor utilize, on a spacc+available basis, a civilian United States Government satellite or vehicle as a platform for a civil land remote-sensing space system, if—
 - (A) the contractor agrees to reimburse the Government immediately for all related costs incurred with respect to such utilization, including a reasonable and proportionate share of freed, platform, data transmission, and launch costs; and
 - (B) such utikdon would not interfere with or otherwise compromwe intended civilian Government missions, as determined by the agency responsible for the civilian platform; and
 - (6) may provide financial support by the United States Government, for a portion of the capital costs required to rovide data continuity for a period of six years, in the form & loans, loan guarantees, or a ment.a pursuant to section 305 of the Federal Property an! Kdministrative Services Act of 1949 (41 U.S.C. 255).
- (b)(l) Without regard to whether any contract entered into under this title is combined with a contract under title II, the Secretary shall promptly determine whether the contract entered into under this title reasonably effectuates the pur
- Such determination shall be submit xtl% Pz% &t!:% l't:: Congress, together with a full statement of the basis for such determination.
- (2) If the Secretary determines that such contract does not reasonably effectuate the requirements of title II, the Secretary shall promptly carry out the provisions of such title to the extent provided in advance in appropriations Acts.

MARKETING

15 USC 4225.

- Sec. 305. (a) In order to promote aggressive marketing of land remote-sensing data, any contract entered into pursuant to this title may provide that the percentage of sales paid by the contractor to the Federal Government shall decrease according to stipulated increases in sales levels.
- (b) After the six-year period described in section 304(aX2), the contractor may continue to sell data. If licensed under title IV, the

98 STAT. 459

contractor may continue to operate a civil remote-sensing space system.

REPORT

 $SEC.\ 306.\ Two$ ears after the date of the commencement of the 15 usc 4226. six-year period (escribed in section 304(a)(2), the Secretary shall report to the President and to the Congress on the progress of the transition to fully private financin , ownership, and operation of remotesensing space systems, togetier with any recommendations for actions, including actions necessary to ensure United States leadership in civilian land remote sensing from space.

TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY

Sec. 307. The authority granted to the Secreta by this title shall Is use d~~T terminate ten years after the date of enactment 8'this Act.

TITLE IV-LICENSING OF PRIVATE REMOTE-SENSING SPACE SYSTEMS

GENERAL AUTHORITY

- SEC. 401. (a)(l) In consultation with other appropriate Federal Is usc d~~l agencies, the Secretary is authorized to license private sector parties to o rate private remotesensing space systems for such period as the !&cretary may specify and in accordance with the provisions of this title.
- (2) In the case of a private space s stem that is used for remote sensing and other purposes, the aut{ority of the Secretary under this title shall be limited only to the remote-sensing operations of such space system.
- (b) No license shall be granted by the Secretary unless the Secretary determines in writing that the applicant will comply with the requirements of this Act, any regulations issued pursuant to this Act, and any applicable international obligations and national security concerns of the United States.
- (c) The Secretary shall review any application and make a deter-Review date mination thereon within one hundred and twenty days of the receipt of such a plication. If final action has not occurred within such time, the L retary shall inform the applicant of any pending issues and of actions required to remlye them.
- (d) The Secretary shall not deny such license in order to protect any existing licensee from competition,

CONDITIONS FOR OPERATION

- SEC. 402. (a) No person who is subject to the jurisdiction or control lb USC 4Z42. of the United States may, directly or through any subsidiary or affiliate, operate any private remote-sensing space system without a license pursuant to section 401.
- (b) Any license issued pursuant to this title shall specify, at a minimum, that the licensee shall comply with all of the requirements of this Act and shall—
 - (1) operate the system in such manner as to preserve and ~~:;O~S;land promote the national security of the United States and to observe and implement the international obligations of the 'ccurity',' United States in accordance with section 607;

PUBLIC LAW 98-365—JULY 17, 1984

- (2) make unenhanced data available to all potential users on a nondiscriminatmy basis;
- (3) upon termination of operations under the license, make disposition of any satellites in space in a manner satisfactory to the President;
- (4) promptly make available all unenhanced data which the Secretary may r uest pum.mnt to section 602;
- (5) furnish the%ecretary with complete orbit and data collection characteristics of the system, obtain advance approval of any intended deviation from such characteristics, and inform the Secretary immediately of any unintended deviation;
- (6) notify the Secretary of any agreement the licensee intends to enter with a foreign nation, entity, or consortium involving foreign nations or entities;
- (7) permit the inspection by the Secretary of the licensee's equipment, facilities, and financial records;
- (8) surrender the license and terminate operations upon notification by the Secretary pursuant to section 403(a)(l); and
- (9)(A) notify the Secretary of any "value added" activities (as defined by the Secretary by regulation) that will be conducted by the licensee or by a subsidiary or affiliate; and
- (B) if such activities are to be conducted, provide the Secre tary with a plan for compliance with the provisions of this Act concerning nondiscriminatory access.

ADMINISTRATIVE AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY

15 USC 4243.

- Sec. 403. (a) In order ti carry out the responsibilities specified in this title, the Secretary may—
 - (1) grant, terminate, modify, condition, transfer, or suspend licenses under this title, and upon notification of the licensee may terminate licensed operations on an immediate basis, if the Secretary determines that the licensee has substantially failed to comply with any provision of this Act, with any regulation issued under this Act, with any terms, conditions, or restrictions of such license, or with any international obligations or national security concerns of the United States;
 - (2) inspect the equipment, facilities, or financial records of any licensee under this title;
 - (3) provide penalties for noncompliance with the requirements of licenses or regulations issued under this title, including civil penalties not to exceed \$10,000 (each day of operation in violation of such licenses or regulations constituting a separate violation);
 - (4) compromise, modify, or remit any such civil penalty;
 - (5) issue subpense for any materials, documents, or records, or for the attendance and testimony of witnesses for the purpose of conducting a hearing under this section;
 - (6) seize any object, record, or report where there is probable cause to believe that such object, record, or report was used, is being used, or is likely to be used in violation of this Act or the requirements of a license or regulation issued thereunder; and
 - (7) make investigations and inquiries and administer to or take from any person an oath, affh-mation, or affidavit concerning any matter relating to the enforcement of this Act.
- (b) Any applicant or licensee who makes a timely request for review of an adverse action pursuant to subsection (a)(1), (a)(3), or

98 STAT. 461

(a)(6) shall be entitled to adjudication by the Secretary on the record after an opportunity for an agency hearing with respect to such adverse action. Any final action by the Secretary under this subsection shall be subject to judicial review under chapter 7 of title 5, United States Code.

5 USC 701 et seq.

REGULATORY AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY

Sec. 404. The Secretary may issue regulations to carry out the Is Usc 4244 provisions of this title. Such regulations shall be promulgated only after public notice and comment in accordance with the provisions of section 553 of title 5, United States Code.

AGENCY ACI'IVITIES

- SEC. 405. (a) A private sector party may apply for a license to 15 usc 4245 operate a private remotesensing space system which utilizes, on a space-available basis, a civilian United States Government satellite or vehicle as a platform for such system. The Secretary, pursuant to the authorities of this title, may license such system if it meets all conditions of this title and—
 - (1) the system operator agrees to reimburse the Government immediately for all related costs incurred with respect to such utilization, including a reasonable and proportionate share of freed, platform, data transmission, and launch costs; and
 - (2) such utilization would not interfere with or otherwise compromise intended civilian Government missions, as determined by the agency responsible for such civilian platform.
- (b) The Secretary may offer assistance to private sector parties in finding appropriate opportunities for such utilization.
- (c) To the extent provided in advance by appropriation Acts, any Federal agency may enter into agreement for such utilization if such agreements are consistent with such agency's mission and statutory authority, and if such remotesensing space system is licen& by the Secretary before commencing operation.
- (d) The provisions of this section do not apply to activities carried out under title \mathbf{V} .
- (e) Nothing in this title shall affect the authority of the Federal Communications Commission pursuant to the Communications Act of 1934, as amended (47 U.S.C. 151 et seq.).

47 USC 609.

TERMINATION

SW. 406. If, five years after the expiration of the six-year period 15 USC 4246. described in section 304(a)(2), no private sector party has been licensed and continued in operation under the provisions of this title, the authority of thia title shall terminate.

TITLE V-RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

CONTINUED FEDERAL RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Sec. 501. (a)(l) The Administrator of the National Aeronautics and 15 USC 4261. Space Administration is directed to continue and to enhance such Administration's programs of remote-sensing research and development.

(2) The Administrator is authorized and encouraged to—

PUBLIC LAW 98-365—JULY 17, 1984

- (A) conduct experimental space remotesensing programs (including applications demonstration programs and basic research at universities);
- (B) develop remotesensing technologies and techniques, including those needed for monitoring the Earth and its environment; and
- (C) conduct such research and development in cooperation with other Federal encies and with public and private research entities (includ ing private industry, universities, State and local governments, foreign governments, and international organizations) and to enter into arrangements (including joint ventures) which will foster such cooperation.
- b)(1) The Secretary is directed to conduct a continuing program of—
 - (A) research in a placations of remote-sensing;
 - (B) mondmng o the Earth and its environment; and
 - (C development of technology for such monitoring.
- (2) Such program may include support of basic research at universities and demonstrations of applications.
- (3) The secretary is authorized and encouraged to conduct such research, monitoring, and development in cooperation with other Federal agencies and with public and private research entities (including private industry, universities, State and local governments, foreign governments, and international organizations) and to enter into arrangements (including joint ventures) which will foster such cooperation.
- (c)(1) In order to enhance the United States ability to manage and utilize its renewable and nonrenewable resources, the Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary of the Interior are authorized and encouraged to conduct programs of research and development in the applications of remote sensing using funds appropriated for such purposes.
- (2) Such programs may include basic research at universities, demonstrations of applications, and cooperative activities involving other Government agencies, private sector parties, and foreign and international or animations.
- (d) Other Regard agencies are authorized and encouraged to conduct research and development on the use of remote sensing in fulfillment of their authorized missions, using fun"& appropriated for such purposes.
- (e) The Secretary and the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration shall, within one year after the date of enactment of this Act and biennially thereafter, jointly develop and transmit to the Congress a report which includes (1) a unified national plan for remotesensing research and development applied to the Earth and its atmosphere; (2) a compilation of progress in the relevant ongoing research and development activities of the Federal agencies; and (3) an assessment of the state of our knowledge of the Earth and its atmosphere, the needs for additional research (including research related to operational Federal remote-sensing space

programs), and opportunities available for further progress.

USE OF EXPERIMENTAL DATA

15 USC 4262.

SEC. 502. Data gathered in Federal experimental remote-sensing space programs may be used in related research and development programs funded by the Federal Government (including applications

Report.

98 STAT. 463

programs) and cooperative research programs, but not for commercial uses or in competition with private sector activities, except pursuant to section 503.

SALE OF EXPERIMENTAL DATA

SEC. 503. Data gathered in Federal experimental remote-sensing lb USC dz~:l space programs may be sold en bloc through a competitive process (consistent with national security interests and international obligations of the United States and in accordance with section 607) to any United States entity which will market the data on a nondiscriminatory basis.

TITLE VI-GENERAL PROVISIONS

NONDISCRIMINATORY DATA AVAILABILITY

- SEC. 601. (a) Any unenhanced data generated by any system public operator under the provisions of this Act shall be made available to $\sim\sim$ afi $^1\sim$ i $\sim\sim$ + $_1$ all users on a nondiscriminatory basis in accordance with the 'requirements of this Act.
- (b) Any system operator shall make publicly available the prices, policies, procedures, and other terms and conditions (but, in accordance with section 104(3)(C), not necessarily the names of buyers or their purchases) upon which the operator will sell such data.

ARCHIVING OF DATA

Sec. 602. (a) It is in the public interest for the United States Is USC ~~~~ Government—

- (1) to maintain an archive of land remote-sensing data for historical, scientific, and technical purposes, including longterm global environmental monitoring;
- (2) to control the content and scope of the archive; and (3) to assure the quality, integrity, and continuity of the archive.
- (b) The Secretary shall provide for long-term storage, maintenance, and upgrading of a basic, global, land remote-sensing data set (hereinafter referred to as the "basic data set") and shall follow reasonable archival practices to assure proper storage and preservation of the basic data set and timely access for parties requesting data. The basic data set which the Secretary assembles in the Government archive shall remain distinct from any inventory of data which a system operator may maintain for sales and for other purposes.
- (c) In determining the initial content of, or in upgrading, the basic data set, the Secretary shall—
 - (1) use as a baseline the data archived on the date of enactment of this Act;
 - (2) take into account future technical and scientific developments and needs;
 - (3) consult with and seek the advice of users and producers of remote-sensing data and data products;
 - (4) consider the need for data which may be duplicative in terms of geographical coverage but which differ in terms of season, spectral bands, resolution, or other relevant factors;

PUBLIC LAW 98-365—JULY 17, 1984

- (5) include, as the Secretary considers appropriate, unenhanced data generated either by the Landsat system, pursuant to title III, or by licensees under title IV;
- (6) include, as the Secretary considers appropriate, data collected by foreign ound stations or by foreign remote-sensing space systems; anf
- (7) ensure that the content of the archive is developed in accordance with section 607.
- (d) Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Secretary shall request data needed for the basic data set and pay to the providing system operator reasonable costs for reproduction and transmission. A system operator shall promptly make requested data available in a form suitable for processing for archiving.

Marketing.

(e) Any system operator shall have the exclusive right to sell all data that the operator provides to the United States remote-sensing data archive for a period to be determined by the Secretary but not to exceed ten years from the date the data are sensed. In the case of data generated from the Landsat system prior to the implementation of the contract described in section 202(a), any contractor selected pursuant to section 202 shall have the exclusive right to market such data on behalf of the United States Government for the duration of such contract. A system operator may relinquish the exclusive right and consent to distribution from the archive before the period of exclusive right has expired by terminating the offer to sell particular data.

Public availability.

- (f) After the expiration of such exclusive right to sell, or after relinquishment of such right, the data provided to the United States remote-sensing data archive shall be in the public domain and shall be made available to requesting parties by the Secretary at prices reflecting reasonable costs of reproduction and transmittal.
- (g) In carrying out the functions of this section, the Secretary shall, to the extent practicable and as provided in advance by appropriation Acts, use existing Government facilities.

NONREPRODUCTION

15 USC 4273.

Sec. 603. Unenhanced data distributed by any system operator under the provisions of this Act may be sold on the condition that such data will not be reproduced or disseminated by the purchaser.

REIMBURSEMENT FOR ASSISTANCE

15 USC 4274.

Sec. 604. The Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, the Secretary of Defense and the heads of other Federal agencies may provide assistance to system operators under the provisions of this Act. Substantial assistance shall be reimbursed by the operator, except as otherwise provided by law.

ACQUISITION OF EQUIPMENT

15 USC **4275.**

Sec. 605. The Secretary ma, by means of a competitive process, allow a licensee under title 16 or any other private party to buy, lease, or otherwise acquire the use of equipment from the Landsat system, when such equipment is no longer needed for the o ration of such system or for the sale of data from such system. (Flcials of other Federal civilian agencies are authorized and encouraged to cooperate with the Secretary in carrying out the provisions of this section.

98 STAT. 465

RADIO FREQUENCY ALLOCATION

Sec. 606. (a) Within thirty days after the date of enactment of this Act, the President (or the President's delegee, if any, with authority over the assignment of frequencies to radio stations or classes of radio stations operated by the United States) shall make available for nongovernmental use spectrum presently allocated to Government use, for use by United States Landsat and commercial remotesensing space systems. The spectrum to be so made available shall conform to any applicable international radio or wire treaty or convention, or regulations annexed thereto. Within ninety days thereafter, the Federal Communications Commission shall utilize appropriate procedures to authorize the use of such spectrum for nongovernmental use. Nothing in this section shall preclude the ability of the Commission to allocate additional spectrum to commercial land remote-sensing space satellite system use.

(b) To the extent required by the Communications Act of 1934, as amended (47 U.S.C. 151 et seq.), an application shall be filed with the Federal Communications Commission for any radio facilities involved with the commercial remote-sensing space system.

(c) I! is the intent of Congress that the Federal Communications Commlsslon complete the radio licensing process under the Communications Act of 1934, as amended (47 U.S.C. 151 et seq.), upon the application of any private sector party or consortium operator of any commercial land remote-sensing space system subject to this Act, within one hundred and twenty days of the receipt of an application for such licensing. If final action has not occurred within one hundred and twenty days of the receipt of such an application, the Federal Communications Commission shall inform the applicant of any pending issues and of actions required to resolve them.

(d) Authority shall not be required from the Federal Communications Commission for the development and construction of any United States land remote-sensing space system (or component thereof), other than radio transmitting facilities or components, while any licensing determination is being made.

(e) Frequency allocations made pursuant to this section by the Federal Communications Commission shall be consistent with international obligations and with the public interest.

CONSULTATION

SEC. 607. (a) The Secretary shall consult with the Secretary of Defense on all matters under this Act affecting national security. The Secretary of Defense shall be responsible for determining those conditions, consistent with this Act, necessary to meet national security concerns of the United States and for notifying the Secretary promptly of such conditions.

(b)(l) The Secretary shall consult with the Secretary of State on all matters under this Act affecting international obligations. The Secretary of State shall be responsible for determining those conditions, consistent with this Act, necessary to meet international obligations and policies of the United States and for notifying the Secretary promptly of such conditions.

(2) Appropriate Federal agencies are authorized and encouraged to provide remote-sensing data, technology, and training to developing nations as a component of programs of international aid.

President of U.S. 15 USC 4276.

47USC 609.

Defense and national security, 15 USC 4277

PUBLIC LAW 98-365—JULY 17, 1984

(3) The Secretary of State shall romptly report to the Secretary any instances outside the United States of discriminatory distribution of data.

(c) If, as a result of technical modifications imposed on a system operator on the basis of national securit concerns, the Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of De/ense or with other Federal agencies, determines that additional costs will be incurred by the system operator, or that past development costs (including the cost of capital) will not be recovered by the system operator, the Secretary may require the agency or agencies requesting such technical modifications to reimburse the system operator for such additional or development costs, but not for anticipated profits. Reimbursements may cover costs associated with required changes in system performance, but not costs ordinarily associated with doing business abroad.

AMENDMENT TO NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION AUTHORIZATION. 1983

Sec. 608. Subsection (a) of section 201 of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration Authorization Act, 1983 (Public Law 97-324; 96 Stat. 1601) is amended to read as follows:

"(a) The Secretary of Commerce is authorized to plan and provide for the management and opdration of civil remote-sensing space systems, which may include the Landsat 4 and 5 satellites and associated ground system equipment transferred from the National Aeronautics and Space Administration; to provide for user fees; and to plan for the transfer of the operation of civil remote-sensing space systems to the private sector when in the national interest.".

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

15 USC 4278.

15 USC 1517

note.

Sec. 609. (a) There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary \$75,000,000 for fwal year 1985 for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act. Such sums shall remain available until expended, but shall not become available until the time periods specified in sections 202(c) and 303(c) have expired.

b) The authorization provided for under subsection (a) shall be in addition to moneys authorized pursuant to title II of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration Authorization Act, 1983.

15 USC 1517

TITLE VII-PROHIBITION OF COMMERCIALIZATION OF WEATHER SATELLITES

PROHIBITION

President of U.S. 15 USC 4291.

SEC. 701. Neither the President nor any other official of the Government shall make any effort to lease, sell, or transfer to the private sector, commercialize, or in any way dismantle any portion of the weather satellite systems operated by the Department of Commerce or any successor agency.

98 STAT. 467

FUTURE CONSIDERATIONS

SEC. 702. Regardless of any change in circumstances subsequent to 15 USC 4292. the enactment of this Act, even if such change makes it appear to be in the national interest to commercialize weather satellites, neither the President nor any official shall take any action prohibited by section 701 unless this title has first been repealed.

Approved July 17, 1984.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 5155:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-647 (Comm. on Science and Technology).
SENATE REPORT No. 98-458 (Comm. on Commerce, Science, and Transportation).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 130 (1984):
Apr. 9, considered and passed House.
June 8, considered and passed Senate, amended.
June 28, House concurred in Senate amendment with an amendment.
June 29, Senate concurred in House amendment.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, vol. 20, No. 29 (1984):
July 17, Presidential statement.