GHz	—gigahertz (91 billion cycles per second)	kHz	-kilohertz (1 ,000 cycles per second)
GMS	-Geostationary Meteorological Sat- ellite (Japan)	LACIE	-Large Area Crop Inventory Experiment
GNP GPS	gross national product global positioning satellite (some-	Landsat	-land remote-sensing satellite system
	times NAVSTAR/GPS-DOD)	LDC	-less developed country
GSO HDDT-high	-geostationary orbit-density digital tape	LEO	-low-Earth orbit (up to approxi- mately .soo km)
HI AND HII	 Japanese expendable launch vehicles being developed by 	MARI SAT	International Maritime SatelliteOrganization
	NASDA	MELCO	-Mitsubishi Electric Co.
HF	-high frequency	METEOSAT	-meteorological satellite devel-
Hz	-hertz; a unit of frequency equal		oped by ESA
IAA	to one cycle per second -International Academy of As-	MHz	—megahertz (1 O°cycles per second)
	tronautics	MITI	-Ministry of International Trade
IAEA	-International Atomic Energy		and Industry (Japan)
	Agency	MLA	-multispectral-li near array (solid
IAF	-International Astronautical Fed-		state)
	eration	MOS	–Maritime Observation Satellite
IBS	—INTELSAT Business Service		(Japan)
ICBM	-intercontinental ballistic missile	MOU	-Memorandum of Understanding
IccP	-Committee on Information, Com-	MPS	-materials processing in space
	puter and Communications Policy	MPTS	—microwave power transmission system
Icsu	-International Council of Scientific	MSS	-multispectral scanner (on
	Unions		Landsat)
IEEE	—Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers	N-1 & II	-Expendable launch vehicles developed by NASDA
IFRB	-International Frequency Registra-	NACA	-National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics
IHW	-International Halley Watch	NACP	-North Atlantic Consultative
IISL	-International Institute of Space		Process
	Law	NACPWG	-North Atlantic Consultative Proc-
ILA	—International Lawyers Association		ess (NACP) and its working
IMCO	-Intergovernmental Maritime Con-		groups
	sultative Organization	NAS	-National Academy of Sciences
INMARSAT	-International Maritime Satellite Organization	NASA	-National Aeronautics and Space Administration
INTERSPUTNIK-Communist bloc satellite system NAS			-National Aeronautics and Space
IPDC	-International Program for the De-		Act of 1958
50	velopment of Communication	NASDA	-National Space Development
IRAC	-Interdepartment Radio Advisory	TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT	Agency (Japan)
IIIAO	Committee	NATO	-North Atlantic Treaty Organi-
IRS	-Indian Remote-Sensing Satellite	117/110	zation
ISAS	—Institute for Space and Aeronauti-	NEC	-Nippon Electric Corp.
IOAO	cal Sciences (Japanese)	NESDIS	-National Environmental Satellite,
ISPM	—International Solar Polar Mission	NEODIO	Data, and Information Service
ISRO		NIEO	—New International Economic
10110	—Indian Space Research Organi-	INILO	Order
ITU	zation	$N \cap A \wedge$	
ITU	-International Telecommunication Union	NOAA	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
JEA	-Joint Endeavor Agreement (NASA)	N-ROSS	-Navy Remote Ocean Sensing Satellite

NSF NTIA	—National Science Foundation —National Telecommunications	SKYLAB	-U.S. space laboratory, placed in orbit in the early 197os and now
NTT	and Information Agency (DOC) -Nippon Telegraph & Telephone Co. (public corporation for Japa-	SLAR Solaris	disintegrated —side looking airborne radar —proposed French free-flying, auto-
NWIO OAS	nese communications) -New World International Order Organization of American States	SPACE LAB	mated, industrial processing station —space laboratory which fits into
OCI ODA	Organization of American StatesOcean Color Imagerofficial development assistance	OF ACE LAD	the shuttle's cargo bay and was developed as part of a coopera-
OECD	 Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development 	SPAS	tive project with ESA and NASA -Shuttle Pallet Satellite (a deploya-
OES	 Bureau of Oceans and Environ- mental and Scientific Affairs, De- 		ble carrier developed by MBB and first flown aboard the space shuttle in 1983)
OMB	partment of State Office of Management and Budget	SPOT	-SystSme Probetoire Observation de la Terre (French land remote-
ORB-85	—1 985 meeting of the ITU to consider use of the geostationary orbit	SPOT IMAGE	sensing system) —semi-private French organization responsible for production, oper-
OSAD	-U. N. Outer Space Affairs Division -U. N. Outer Space Affairs Division		ations, marketing, and sales of SPOT services
OTA OTRAG	-Office of Technology Assessment -Orbital Transport und Raketen	SSTDMA	—satellite switched time division multiple access
OTRAG	Aktiengesellschaft (German private firm)	SSTO STS	—single stage to orbit space vehicle –U.S. Space Transportation System
PAM	Payload Assist Module used to boost satellites into GSO from the main launch vehicle	TAT	—transatlantic telephone, designa- tion given to a series of undersea communication cable facilities
PRC PRC (Space)	People's Republic of ChinaPolicy Review Committee onSpace established by Presidential	TDMA TDRSS	—time division multiple access–Tracking and Data Relay SatelliteSystem
PROTON	directive in May 1978 —expendable launch vehicle of the	TEA TITAN	Technical Exchange AgreementDOD expendable launch vehicle
	U.S.S.R.	TM	-thematic mapper (on Landsat)
PTT	-post, telephone, and telegraph administrations	TVRO U.K.	-television receive only-United Kingdom
RARC	-Regional Administrative Radio Conference	U.N. UNCSTD-U. N.	-United Nations-Conference on Science, Technol-
RESTEC	-Remote Sensing Technology Cen-	UNDP	ogy, and Development -U. N. Development Program
RF	ter (Japan) —radio frequency	UNDRO	–U. N. Disaster Relief Organization
R&D	-research and development	UNEP	–U. N. Environment Program
RMS-Canadarr	n-Remote Manipulator System developed by SPAR Aerospace for	UNESCO	–U. N. Education Science and Cultural Organization–U.N. General Assembly
SALYUT	use on the U.S. Shuttle —U.S.S.R. space station		2 –1 982 U.N. Conference on the Ex-
SBS	-Satellite Business System		ploration and Peaceful Uses of
SCOUT	—small expendable launch vehicle developed for NASA by LTV	USDA	Outer Space -U.S. Department of Agriculture
SIG (Space)	-Senior Interagency Group-Space	usgs Uslscs	-U.S. Geological Survey (DOI)
SITE	(within White House)—Satellite Instructional TelevisionExperiment (India)	USTTI	—U.S. international service carriers–U.S. Telecommunications Training Institute

VAN	-value-added networks	WMO	World Meteorological Organiza-
		VV IVI O	9
VHF	—very high frequency		tion (U. N. Agency)
WARC	-World Administrative Radio Con-	Wul	-Western Union International,
	ference (conducted by ITU)		Inc., subsidiary of MCI Commu-
WHO	—World Health Organization		nications Corp.
WIPO	-World Intellectual Property Orga-		
	nization		