Automatic Train Control in Rail Rapid Transit

May 1976

NTIS order #PB-254738





UNITED STATES CONGRESS Office of Technology Assessment

May 1976

OFFICE OF TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT

CONGRESSIONAL BOARD

Representative Olin E. Teague, Texas, Chairman Senator Clifford P. Case, New Jersey, Vice Chairman

SENATE

HOUSE

Edward M. Kennedy Massachusetts

Ernest F. Hollings South Carolina

Hubert H. Humphrey Minnesota

Richard S. Schweiker Pennsylvania Morris K. Udall Arizona

George E. Brown, Jr. California

Charles A. Mosher Ohio

Marvin L. Esch Michigan

Ted Stevens Alaska Marjorie S. Holt Maryland

Emilio Q. Daddario, ex officio

For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office Washington, D.C. 20402- Price \$3.15

OFFICE OF TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT

DIRECTOR'S OFFICE

Emilio Q. Daddario, Director

Daniel V. De Simone, Deputy Director

URBAN MASS TRANSIT ADVISORY PANEL

George Krambles, Chairman, Chicago Transit Authority

Walter J. Bierwagen Amalgamated Transit Union Robert A. Burco Oregon DOT Jeanne J. Fox Joint Center for Political Studies Lawrence A. Goldmuntz Economics and Science Planning Dorn McGrath George Washington University Bernard M. Oliver Hewlett-Packard Corporation Simon Reich Train Control Consultant Thomas C. Sutherland, Jr. Princeton University Frederick P. Salvucci Massachusetts DOT Stewart F. Taylor Sanders and Thomas, Inc.

OTA TRANSPORTATION PROGRAM STAFF

Gretchen S. Kolsrud, Program Manager

Mary E. Ames V. Rodger Digilio Thomas E. Hirsch III Larry L. Jenney Bev Johnson Teri Miles

TECHNICAL CONSULTANTS

Battelle Columbus Laboratories

TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT BOARD OLIN E. TEAGUE, TEXAS, CHAIRMAN

Congress of the United States OFFICE OF TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT WASHINGTON, D.C. 20510

EMILIO Q. DADDARIO DIRECTOR DANIEL V. DESIMONE DEPUTY DIRECTOR

CLIFFORD P. CASE, N.J., VICE CHAIRMAN EDWARD M. KENNEDY, MASS. MORRIS K. UDALL, ARIZ. ERNEST F. HOLLINGS, S.C. HUBERT H. HUMPHREY, MINN. CHARLES A. MOSHER, OHIO RICHARD S. SCHWEIKER, PA. TED STEVENS, ALASKA

GEORGE E. BROWN, JR., CALIF. MARVIN L. ESCH. MICH. MARJORIE S. HOLT, MD. EMILIO Q. DADDARIO

FEB 1 7 1976

The Honorable John L. McClellan Chairman, Committee on Appropriations United States Senate Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Mr. Chairman:

We are pleased to transmit the enclosed report on "Automatic Train Control in Rail Rapid Transit".

Prepared by the Office of Technology Assessment with the assistance of its Urban Mass Transit Advisory Panel, this report describes the technology of automatic train control systems and assesses the operational, planning, and policy issues arising from the use of automated devices to control and direct rail rapid transit vehicles. The report also contains background material useful for understanding the application of automation technology in urban rail transit systems.

The findings presented herein are a synthesis of the views of those participating in the study and do not necessarily reflect the opinions of individual members of the Technology Assessment Board of OTA.

Sincerely,

Olin E. Teague Chairman

Sincerely,

ise Chairman

Enclosure

TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT BOARD

Congress of the United States

OFFICE OF TECHNOLOGY ASSESSMENT WASHINGTON, D.C. 20510

OLIN E. TEAGUE, TEXAS, CHAIRMAN EDWARD M. KENNEDY, MASS. MORRIS K. UDALL, ARIZ. ERNEST F. HOLLINGS, S.C. HUBERT H. HUMPHREY, MINN. CHARLES A. MOSHER, OHIO RICHARD S. SCHWEIKER, PA. MARVIN L. ESCH, MICH. TED STEVENS, ALASKA

CLIFFORD P. CASE, N.J., VICE CHAIRMAN GEORGE E. BROWN, JR., CALIF. MARJORIE S. HOLT, MD. EMILIO O. DADDARIO

FEB 17 1975

The Honorable Olin E. Teague Chairman Technology Assessment Board Congress of the United States Washington, D.C. 20515

Dear Mr. Chairman:

I am pleased to submit OTA's report on "Automatic Train Control in Rail Rapid Transit," which was requested by Senator John L. McClellan, Chairman of the Senate Appropriations Committee, on behalf of Senator Robert C. Byrd and Senator Clifford P. Case of the Transportation Appropriations Subcommittee.

This report was prepared by the Office of Technology Assessment with the assistance of its Urban Mass Transit Advisory Panel, composed of representatives of the transit industry, engineering firms, planning and development organizations, universities, organized labor, and citizen participation groups.

The material in this report will be used by the requesting committee for hearings related to the Urban Mass Transportation Administration and the Federal Railroad Administration during the coming year. The report will also be available to other Senate and House committees concerned with urban transportation problems.

incerely,

EMILIO Q. DADDARIO Director

Enclosure

Preface

This report, prepared by OTA at the request of the Senate Committee on Appropriations on behalf of the Transportation Subcommittee, is an assessment of the technology of automatic train control in rail rapid transit systems. Automatic train control (ATC) is the general designation for a variety of techniques by which machines regulate the movement of rail rapid transit vehicles for the purposes of safety and efficiency. Functionally, ATC includes:

- Train Protection . Train Supervision
 - Train Operation Communication

The use of the term "automatic" does not imply that train control or any of its constituent functions is carried out wholly without human involvement in operating the equipment or in overseeing automated devices. Rather, automatic is used to denote systems in which machines perform a substantial part of the routine functions and there is minimal reliance on man as an operational element. Man's role in such systems is to monitor the performance of automatic elements and to act as the ultimate safety backup.

The history of train control technology has seen extensive, but not complete, replacement of the human operator by machines. The number of people required to run trains, operate wayside equipment, and supervise traffic has been reduced by automation to the point where the newest transit systems now have only a single on-board operator for the train, regardless of its length, and a small cadre of centrally located supervisors.

The increasing reliance on automation, both in existing transit systems and those under development, raises several basic issues about this application of technology. The importance of these issues was recognized by the Senate Committee on Appropriations Transportation Subcommittee who requested the Office of Technology Assessment to study automation in federally supported rail rapid transit projects. Correspondence relating to the request is contained in Appendix I of this report; the following is a paraphrase of the fundamental questions posed in the letter of request:

How does reduction of man's responsibility for direct operational control affect the safety of transit systems?

What operational advantages are to be gained from automation?

Is automation cost-effective, considering both capital and operating costs?

Does the planning, development, and testing of automatic train control systems give adequate attention to the safety, performance, and cost implications of automation?

Are there policy and institutional factors that influence the selection of a level of automation or that condition the application of automatic train control technology?

Because of the number and complexity of the issues to be addressed, the technology assessment was divided into three separate, but coordinated, studies dealing with (1) the planning process, (z) automated small vehicle systems, and (3) automatic train control in rail rapid transit. Reports on the first two topics have been published in separate volumes.¹This report deals with the third topic, specifically the degree of automation which is technically feasible, economically justifiable, or otherwise appropriate for rail rapid transit.

The technology assessment presented here is the product of a combined effort of the OTA Urban Mass Transit Advisory Panel and the staff of the OTA Transportation Program. Major assistance was received from Battelle Columbus Laboratories in collecting data and providing technical background information. These materials and other information collected independently were combined by the panel and staff to prepare this report. The panel and staff are also indebted to the urban transit system officials and representatives of the transit industry who gave access to their records and participated in numerous technical discussions.

Since this report is the result of a joint effort, the findings should not be construed as the view of any individual participant. Divergent opinions are included; and, where the subject matter is controversial, an attempt has been made to present a balanced treatment.

The OTA staff members participating in this study were: Dr. Gretchen S. Kolsrud, Program Manager; Larry L. Jenney, Project Director; V. Rodger Digilio, Thomas E. Hirsch III, Bev Johnson, and Teri Miles.

¹See An Assessment of Community Planning for Mass Transit, February 1976 (Report Nos. OTA-T-16 through OTA-T-27) and Automated Guideway Transit: An Assessment of PRT and Other New Systems (Report No. OTA-T-8), June 1975.